THE NAPANEE EXPRESS

Vol. LXIII No 30—E J. POLLARD, Editor and Proprietor. $1.50 per year in advance

Historical Society NAPANEE, ONTARIO, CANADA—TUESDAY, JUNE 24th, 1924.

None Will Satisfy

like pure, delicious

"SALADA"

GREEN TEA H476

The finest tea produced in the world. — Ask for a trial package.

FREE SAMPLE of GREEN TEA UPON REQUEST. "SALADA," TORONTO

DOXSEE & CO.

SUMMER

MILLINERY

A special showing of all the season's newest styles in Hats and shapes in every color for present wear.

HOSIERY

Ladies' Silk Stockings in Beige, Grey, Sand, Nude and Sunset, including Black and White, in all sizes.

CORSETS A SPECIALTY

The Leading Millinery House

H. J. GLEESON, M.B.
University of Toronto.

Office of late Dr. Grant, corner of East and Bridge streets.
Office hours 1.30 to 5 p.m., 7 to 9 p.m. Phone 123.

INSURANCE

For Fire Insurance try ALFRED McCUTCHEON, Roblin.

A number of companies to choose from.
Office: Residence, Roblin, Main Street. 27-tf

Mothers bring your boys to me to be clothed.

Boys' and Young Men's Suits

Of the better quality.

In Greys, Browns and Blues.

The best Suits for the least money.

W.W.ADAMS
Merchant Tailor
Newburgh, - Ont.

One of the best spring tonics and blood purifiers we know of is Burdock and Sarsaparilla with Potassium Iodide. Everyone needs just such a treatment after the winter. Sold in $1.00 bottles at WALLACE'S.

HOUSE TO RENT—All modern improvements. Immediate possession. Apply Box 236, Napanee.

FOR SALE—Quantity of Cull pine lumber, suitable for sheds or sheathing. Bargain prices. M. R. MIDMER, Millhaven.

LOST—Between Standard Bank and West street, a sum of money. Will finder return the same to THIS OFFICE. 29

FOR SALE—Berry boxes, number one boxes at $6.00 per thousand, 250 to a crate. STIRLING CHEESE BOX & BASKET CO. 28-c

HOTEL FOR SALE—Known as the Bay View Hotel, Bath. Apply to N. RIKLEY, owner, Bath.

WANTED—At once, Alsike seed in quantities. Highest market price paid. Bring in a sample. GEO. E. WINTER, Dundas St.

FOR SALE—One iron baby crib, one baby walker, one baby carriage, one Singer sewing machine. Apply to M. MAKER. 26

FOR SALE—An old barn on the Napanee Golf Course, also a quantity of standing grass. Apply C. B. German, Secretary Golf Club. 30

FOR SALE—One of the most desirable properties in town, all modern conveniences and excellent location. Opposite Harvey Warner Park. Apply to C. W. BOWEN. 27-tf

ALWAYS a number of farms and houses in town for sale. Owners may also list property for sale at low terms. No sale, no charge. T. B. GERMAN, Barrister, Napanee. Ont. 6-tf

FOR SALE OR TO LET—Residence and two lots on Dundas street. Ten acres and building with sixty horse power boiler, engine and shafting on West street. MRS. MIDMER, Millhaven.

½ TON FORD TRUCK FOR SALE 1917, a sacrifice. Have you heard about the new Peerless Hand Milker. Ask your neighbor. Frost & Wood Machinery and Cockshutt Plows. Slated Roofing. Sold by SPENCER & SON. 34

FOR SALE OR TO LET—House, two barns and 9 acres of land, one acre raspberries. Furnace and electric lights in house, good well and cistern, William street. Columbia Berry Setts, $2.00 per 100 A. R. CLARK, at Wales' Store, or Box 569, Napanee.

FOR SALE—8-roomed house, in good repair, electric lights, new furnace, 2 barns and nine acres of land, well and cistern, one acre berries. This property is ten minutes walk to post office, Napanee. Suitable for garden, poultry and bees. Pasture for two cows. Beautiful location. Possession any time; ideal property for anyone. See ARTHUR CLARK, or F. C. BOGART. 12

The Foundation

EVERY fortune has had a foundation. Every foundation, in the first instance, is laid with the first few dollars saved.

Start to save now and lay your foundation. Save seriously—save consistently. For money in the Bank is the buffer against misfortune and the barometer of future prosperity.

THE DOMINION BANK
NAPANEE BRANCH,
G. PATTON CARR, Manager.

Bonds

THIS bank provides special facilities for the sale and purchase of Government and other bonds.

Investors are invited to consult our local manager, who will be pleased to arrange any such transactions.

THE STANDARD BANK OF CANADA

Napanee Branch, R. R. White, Manager.
Branches also at Belleville, Brighton, Camden East, Deseronto, Newburgh, Picton, Trenton and Kingston.

BEER PROPOSAL REJECTED BY B.C.

Vancouver, June 23.—By a decisive popular vote, electors of British Columbia have registered their disapproval of the proposal for the sale of beer by the glass, under government control. Final: Beer, yes, 4,581; no, 6,256.

Plebiscite returns, while not complete, show that the proposal was rejected in all of the larger centres, including Vancouver, Victoria, New Westminster and Kamloops.

While the plebiscite was taken with the understanding that the principle of local option should apply, the Government reserved the right to use its own discretion should it appear that there was a popular feeling against it. Under the circumstances, it is regarded as extremely doubtful if the sale of beer by the glass will be granted, even in such settled communities as registered a favorable vote yesterday.

Returns from the rural constituencies were far from complete at a late hour this morning and it is doubtful if definite results will be known before Monday.

STELLA.

The baseball season has again arrived and the youths are busy practising. The S.C.S. journeyed to Bath Wednesday evening for a game with B.H.S. boys and suffered defeat, but hope to gain a victory in the near future.

Mrs. J. Henderson and Miss M. Tugwell left on Tuesday for Lethbridge and Moose Jaw respectively.

Mrs. C. Gibson is under Dr. Northmore's care. Her many friends hope for a speedy recovery.

The cottages on Stella Point are gradually becoming occupied by the annual campers.

Maxwell Beaubien has purchased the estate of George Tugwell and after some improvements had the opening of his ice cream parlor on Saturday night last, when he had a rushing business.

Mr. S. Reed had a raising bee on Saturday last.

Mr. Geo. Botting, of Kingston, is spending his vacation with Mr. C. Tugwell.

The sloop "Granger" unloaded a cargo of material for the new bungalow of Mr. Sutherland on Stella Point.

FOR SALE

Small quantity ROUGH HARDWOOD LUMBER.

also

Boxes of BLOCKS suitable for kitchen stove—$1 a box.

Orders delivered for 2 boxes only.

Gibbard Furniture Shops Limited.

See W. E. VINE.

FOR SALE!

The Rennie Block
Napanee

J.W. METZLER
19-tf

COURT OF REVISION.

Kaladar, Anglesea and Effingham.

The Council of the Townships of Kaladar, Anglesea and Effingham will hold the first sitting of the Court of Revision for the municipality of said townships of Kaladar, Anglesea and Effing ham for the year 1924, at Flinton, in the Town Hall, on Thursday, June 26th, 1924, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon.

All persons having business at said Court will please attend.

Dated this 10th day of June, 1924.

MOSES LESSARD, Clerk.
28-b

COAL!

We have on hand at Reduced Prices a supply of fresh mined Anthracite Coal.

Furnace Coal $13.50 ton

Chas. Stevens Co., Limited
19-tf

Brick

Special Prices to clear out the yard.

W. H. J. HAINES
TAMWORTH, - ONTARIO
24-tf

Blaud's Improved Iron Pills, 2 oz. box for 25c. Splendid for the blood and nerves. For sale at WALLACE'S.

HUSBAND AND WIFE VICTIM OF FLAMES

Heroically beating out the flames which enveloped his wife when her clothing ignited Saturday morning, Walter Corham, 13 Powell street, Belleville, was badly burned about the hands and arms and his wife, Mrs. Annie Corham, was seriously burned about the face, neck, arms and one leg.

The woman was removed to the General Hospital in the police ambulance, and her condition is serious, as she is fifty-eight.

The accident occurred about 11.30 o'clock, when in an effort to hurry along the fire in the kitchen range, Mrs. Corham dashed a quantity of kerosene into the fire.

DESERONTO.

Plans are being considered, which if carried to completion, will be a decided benefit to Deseronto. A block of thirty acres of land on the North Frederick Burgh shore of the Bay of Quinte is under consideration on which summer homes for Toronto capitalists will be erected.

Mr. W. S. Chisholm, manager of the Deseronto branch of the Bank of Montreal for some time, has been transferred to Stayner. Many friends regret his departure.

The Church of St. Vincent de Paul was the scene of a pretty wedding on Monday morning, June 16th, when Miss Leah Genereaux, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Felix Genereaux, Deseronto, became the bride of Mr. J. J. Murphy, of Hamilton. The ceremony was performed by the Rev. Michael J. Meagher, resident priest. Miss Millie Genereaux, sister of the bride, acted as bridesmaid, while the groom was supported by his brother. The happy couple were the recipients of many costly and beautiful presents, showing the high esteem in which they were held.

Mr. James Sharp is a visitor with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. P. Sharp, Fourth street. Mr. Sharp drove with a high-blood running mare from St. Catharines to Deseronto.

The Dominion Match Co. have closed their factory at Deseronto during the hot season.

At the Deseronto juveniles vs. the Napanee juveniles lacrosse game played at Deseronto on Wednesday evening, the Deseronto team defeated the Napanee team.

Mr. J. R. Wilson & wife, of Toronto, are motoring to Deseronto and territory.

Deseronto was the scene of a most phenomenal occurrence on Saturday, where within a period of six hours the waters of the Bay of Quinte had a fall of from three to five feet. Those who visited the waterfront in the early morning were astonished at the peculiar highness of the water, and more so when they noticed the rapidity of the fall, and within a period of a half an hour waters again rose to a height of four feet above this year's high water mark. The quickness of the rise and fall was accompanied by a very swift running tide. This condition to the memory of the oldest inhabitants has never been witnessed in this locality.

Mr. Geo. Baumhour, of Marlbank, and son, Teddy, are week-end visitors to their home in Deseronto.

Miss Gertrude Brown, who has been a visitor with her brother, Mr. Harry Brown, of Canperson's Limited, departed for Montreal from which port she sails for England.

Mr. and Mrs. N. P. Taylor, of Oshawa, are week-end visitors with Miss L. Smith, Edmund street. Mr. and Mrs. Taylor were former residents of Deseronto.

Mr. David Edwards and son, Jack, of Schenectady, are visitors to their home in Deseronto.

See the National Range Cooking Demonstration at Vine's Electric Shop, Market Square, June 30th to July 5th, to which the public is cordially invited to attend.

BATH.

Mr. and Mrs. Hurst, Kingston, spent a few days recently with Mr. and Mrs. John Roberts.

Mr. and Mrs. Anson Hagerman and family spent Sunday at Robert Stevenson's.

Mrs. James Stevenson, Sr., is visiting at Robert Stevenson's.

William Covert, Enterprise, spent Sunday last at Faber Covert's.

Miss Edith Calver, Napanee, is visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Henry Calver.

Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Creighton, Hamburgh, have moved into the house which they recently purchased from M. H. Mellow.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Mellow and baby, Napanee, spent Sunday last at George Davy's.

Mr. and Mrs. M. Hogle, Link's Mills, spent Sunday last at Fred Amey's.

Mr. and Mrs. Roy Miller and family, Morven, spent Sunday last at A. McCaugherty's.

Hugh Beggs, who has been seriously ill, is slightly improved.

Mr. Mouldey, Kingston, has started a shoe repairing shop in part of the building owned by Harry Mofit.

Dr. McLaughlin, dentist, Napanee, is occupying part of the same building on Thursday of each week.

Rev. Clarence Miller and wife are spending some time at B. B. Miller's.

Keep a box of Cold Break Ups on hand and be minute you feel a cold coming on commence taking them. Nine times out of ten you will break it up. 25c. a box at WALLACE'S.

MANY POSTAL STRIKERS WILL LOSE THEIR JOBS

Ottawa, June 20.—An ultimatum was issued by Hon. Chas. Stewart, acting postmaster general, to the striking postal workers at the conclusion of the cabinet meeting today. The postal workers are informed that they have until 8 a.m., standard time, Saturday, June 21st, to return unconditionally to work, provided positions are available. After that time no striking employees will be employed in the service under any conditions.

Mr. Stewart states that up to the present the government has permitted the strikers to return to work unconditionally, although no promise has been given for reinstatement. New employees have been taken on, and sufficient help is now available to man the service.

MOSCOW.

The district meeting of the Women's Institute was held in Enterprise on Tuesday last. Mrs. J. A. Amey, Moscow, presided in her capable manner. Delicious refreshments were served at the close.

We are pleased to hear Miss Georgie Huffman is improving after her recent operation in Kingston General Hospital.

We regret very much the death of Miss Ethel Asselstine, who passed away at her sister's in Minneapolis. Mrs. Hammond, Dr. Hadley and Mrs. Wright, accompanied the body home. Service was held in Moscow church and burial in the family plot.

Mr. and Mrs. Reuben VanLuven were recent visitors at E. L. VanLuven's.

Muresco

The best wall finish on the market. A complete line of colors to choose from.

WILSON'S HARDWARE.

MORVEN.

Gardens are looking fine after the recent showers.

The W.M.S. Ladies' Aid met at the home of Mrs. Orland Perry on Wednesday afternoon, the meeting being a decided success. Over forty ladies were present, after the meeting refreshments were served.

Mrs. Chester Pero, of Newburgh, Mrs. Allen Pero and daughter, Mrs. Bert VanLuven, of Calgary, spent Monday evening with their aunt, Mrs. Peter Storey.

Miss Myrtle Welsh, of Toronto, is spending a couple of weeks with her aunt, Mrs. Thomas Storey.

The sympathy of the community goes out to Mrs. John R. Purdy in the death of her mother, Mrs. Finnigan.

Mr. and Mrs. John Jaynes and daughter, Hazel, also Mr. Ervine Barker and Kenneth Vencel, of Deseronto road, spent Sunday last with Mr. Amos Storey.

Mr. and Mrs. Stanley Watters and Mr. Hue spent Sunday last with Mr. Thomas Storey.

Mr. and Mrs. E. Lemmon and two daughters spent Sunday last with his brother, Mr. Ira Lemmon.

Mr. and Mrs. R. Miller spent Sunday last in Kingston and also attended the funeral of the late Mrs. Finnegan at Pittsburg.

Miss Annie McNeill and Miss Davy, of Bath, spent Monday last with Mrs. R. Miller.

Mrs. W. Unger spent Monday last in Belleville.

Mr. Amos Storey and Mr. E. Ruttle are busy with the crusher east of Wilton.

HAVE NO IMPRESSIVE CASE.

(Ottawa Journeal)

As for the merits of the controversy, the wage question in issue, the postal men have no impressive case. Postal men, taken in the gross, and making certain exceptions, perform other than skilled labor. They are assured of their pay the year round. They are not affected by industrial depressions; weather, shutdown or business slackness do not affect them. They have all the assurance of permanency. Yet postal clerks get from $3.60 to $4.80 a day, and letter carriers from $3.60 to $4.80 a day for every working hour, according to length of service.

This is not bureaucratic pay. It might be made higher. But, after all, how does it compare with the pay awarded for similar and more onerous service by workers in the industrial world? We think that the average wage-earner, faced always with uncertainty, subject to the almost mercurial changes of industrial life, would not regard it as expected by him. And let it be remembered that the industrial and other wage-earners of the country must help pay the wages of postal employees. Finally, the government, to avert a strike, agreed that no postal employee should suffer reduction in pay this year.

The taxpayers of this country are entitled to some consideration. The schedules of pay proposed by the Post Office Department for postal employees involved an annual outlay of $13,187,020. The schedules demanded by the postal men involved an outlay of $15,055,000. The scale fixed by the Civil Service Commission involves an expenditure of $12,956,000. Does the difference of a million and a half a year mean nothing to a tax-ridden country?

Don't ruin your floors with cheap floor wax. The standard by which all are judged is Johnson's. Agents, WALLACE'S DRUG STORE.

GOVERNMENT NOMINEE DECISIVELY BEATEN IN SOUTH WATERLOO.

Galt, June 23.—Karl K. Homuth, Labor representative of South Waterloo in the Provincial Legislature during the regime of the Drury Administration, today scored the greatest triumph of his political career when he defeated the Government candidate, W. C. Shaw, a prominent farmer of Waterloo Township, by the decisive majority of 2,625. On June 25 last he was elected by a majority of 13, which was increased by a recount secured by the Conservatives to 15. Later Mr. Homuth was unseated when the Conservatives won a protest on the ground of irregularities, with the result that this constituency was without representation during the recent session.

TAMWORTH.

Mrs. Joseph Huffman is quite poorly. Her two sisters, Mrs. Smith, Utica, N.Y., and Miss Kellar, Watertown, N.Y., are in attendance.

Mr. John Wagar, Oshowa, is visiting friends in town.

Mr. Williams is the new man on the milk route for the Bowes Butter Co.

The help in Gibbard's factory, Napanee, played ball with Tamworth on Wednesday on the athletic grounds.

Mr. Way and M. O'Brien and son, Tweed, were in town on Wednesday.

The county road crusher is around town with a gang of men.

John McCormick has sold his farm to John Way; price $3,000.

Raised to the Peerage.

Sir Sydney Olivier, the new Secretary of State for India, who was created a peer by the cabinet of Mr. J. Ramsay MacDonald, has seen much service in behalf of the Empire, principally in the West Indies.

Sir Sydney was born in 1859, the son of the Rev. H. A. Olivier, of Winchfield. After a distinguished career at Corpus Christi College, Oxford, and a period of study in Germany, he entered the Colonial Office in 1882. He was Acting Colonial Secretary of British Honduras, 1890-91; Auditor-General of the Leeward Islands, 1895-96; private secretary to the Earl of Selborne, 1896-7, secretary to the West India Royal Commission on behalf of the West Indian Colonies; Colonial Secretary of Jamaica, 1899-1904; and Acting Governor 1900, 1902 and 1904; principal clerk of the West African and West Indian Departments of the Colonial Office, 1904-7; Governor of Jamaica, 1907-13; permanent secretary of the Board of Agriculture and Fisheries, 1913-17; Assistant Comptroller and Auditor of the Exchequer, 1917. He retired from the Colonial Office in 1920.

Sir Sydney has been one of the most prolific writers in the Fabian Society, and is the author of many books and articles on economics.

He was created a K.C.M.G. in 1907, having previously received the C.B. and the C.M.G. He was also awarded the degree of LL.D. He married in 1885, Margaret, daughter of Homersham Cox, Judge of the County Court of East Kent.

Goats Banned.

Goats are banned to the tenants of laborers' cottages by the Lurgan (Ireland) Rural District Council which has thereby reaffirmed a resolution of the council to this effect passed in July 1907. The council has also decided that the tenant of every cottage must till each year at least half of the plot attached to the cottage.

Railway Pays For Its Sins.

The magnetic section of Greenwich Observatory is to be removed to Holmbury Hill, Surrey, Eng., at the expense of the Southern Railway. The electrification of that line has upset the working of the Admiralty's instruments at the Observatory.

HEIR TO BRITISH THRONE IS NOW THIRTY YEARS OLD.

London, June 23.—Today was the Prince of Wales's birthday. In the morning he received General John J. Pershing at St. James' Palace, and at noon he attended a luncheon given by his Royal parents, King Christian and Queen Alexandrina of Denmark and General Pershing. The luncheon was at Buckingham Palace.

In the afternoon the two Kings and their Queens went, with General Pershing to the International Horse Show.

Genuine Creonoid Fly Oil in bulk at $1.00 per gallon at DAVY & ALLISON'S.

LENNOX FALL FAIR

REPORT OF MEETING IN TOWN HALL, JUNE 20th.

A special meeting of the Directors of the Lennox Fair was held in the Council Chambers on Friday evening, the following Directors being present: Hiram Shannon, J. L. Boyes, Frank Smith, W. H. Hunter, Ed. Kaylor, C. A. Walters, W. H. Boyle, W. G. Schell, Rockwell Parks, F. H. Henderson, Russell Long, Roy Armstrong, J. W. Robinson, T. B. Wallace, M. P. Graham, Ross Parks.

Several matters pertaining to the Fall Fair was discussed, one of the most important being that the cattle be exhibited the four days of the Fair, Sept. 9, 10, 11 and 12th. The largest cattle exhibitors were agreeable to doing this for the benefit of the Fair, as they fully realize the Fair is a Farmers Fair and the bulk of the prize money goes to the farmers of the county.

A resolution was passed unanimously that The Hon. Martin, Minister of Agriculture, of the Ontario Government, be invited to open the Fair September 9th. Mr. Martin is a practical farmer and no doubt many will be pleased to hear Mr. Martin's address.

The big Happyland Midway, of Detroit, has been contracted for the Fair this year and is one of the best Midways on the road.

The Napanee Lennox and Addington Old Boys' Re-union is being held in Napanee the week of the County Fair and many old residents of Lennox and Addington will be within the city's gates. Mr. J. M. Simpson, that they will attend the Old Boys' Re-union.

SILLSVILLE.

The season is somewhat late but the farmers are all hopeful and are still busily preparing, planting and buckwheat ground in fields where the heavy rains prevented seeding. Gardens are promising well to those who did not fear reseeding, but on the whole gardens are very late. Apple trees are well loaded with bloom, also small fruits.

Robertson Bros. have torn down part of their house and are to rebuild, making an up-to-date building.

The play "My Irish Rose" was well played at Bath on Friday evening last to a full house. Proceeds were over $80.

Miss Helen Shaw, of Port Perry, is spending a few weeks in our vicinity the guest of relatives.

A meeting of the trustees of the church was held one evening last to decide what must be done regarding a church. People are using the town hall at present.

See the National Range Cooking Demonstration at Vine's Electric Shop, Market Square, June 30th to July 5th, to which the public is cordially invited to attend.

NEWBURGH.

The rains are making everything grow.

The electric storm that visited here on Saturday last was quite severe. F. Jeffrey, working here with the extra gang, was severely stunned by lightning. He was engaged with a man under one of the rails when the bolt came, knocking him down. He was taken to his home in Yarker and hopes are held out for his recovery.

A sad death occurred here on Sunday morning last when Mrs. John Thompson passed to her eternal rest. The funeral was held from her home on Tuesday, services being conducted by Rev. G. Bray and Rev. G. Nickle. The remains were placed in the vault. Mr. Thompson has much sympathy rendered to him in his bereavement.

Mrs. Colin Martin and children accompanied by her mother, Mrs. T. Greenfield, are starting on a trip to Bancroft for a few weeks.

A few from here took in the celebration of the U.E.L. at Belleville last week.

Mr. Frank Wales loaded stock here on Wednesday.

The C. N. R. has a number of men employed here now, under the supervision of Mr. George Vanalstine.

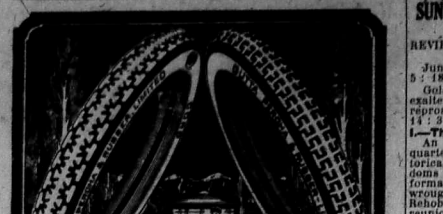
Coal Oil Stoves.

Insure kitchen comfort and fuel economy. See our new Nesco Perfect and New Perfection. The best on the market.

WILSON'S HARDWARE.

JUNE 1924	Our Weekly Calendar	Moon Phases Last Quarter June 23rd
24 Tue.	If you keep on telling everyone of your generosity, some may begin to think you give only in order to brag.	
25 Wed.	Mrs. Muddler said: "When my daughter, Nell, went West and married there, I gathered up and bought a lot of things for her.	
26 Thur.	"Then when I looked at them I sat down and cried my eyes out, but after a bit I dried them and packed them up good in a box and sent them to her."	
27 Fri.	Always lend to your neighbors, tho' poor the returns.	
28 Sat.	As the sun drives away the shadows, so time heals our sorrow.	
29 Sun.	Blessed is everyone that feareth the Lord; that walketh in His ways.	
30 Mon.	June, June, gone too soon, With the birds and beautiful flowers, Sad my heart, thus to part; From June with its bright golden hours.	

J. AMES.



Tires to be Proud of

Are you proud of your car? Its performance can only be a source of perfect pride if it is equipped with everything of the best. "Gutta Percha" Cords leave nothing to be desired, as far as tires are concerned.

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CORD TIRES
"Quality all Through"

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Branches from Coast to Coast

Complete Stock and Service by
J. MURPHY, **C. A. WISEMAN,**
PAUL'S GARAGE

The Best Service

A store can give its customers is to provide the best possible **VALUES** for the prices asked.

We seek to do this, and it is our purpose to make you feel you can absolutely depend upon the **QUALITY** of your purchases here.

OUR STOCK OF CLOTHING AND FURNISHINGS MERIT YOUR CAREFUL CONSIDERATION.

THE GRAHAM CO'Y.,
Napanee Ont.

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Corner Dundas and Robinson Streets.
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Phone 307. 32-17

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Opposite City Hall
Phone 1200

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T. M. GALBRAITH
B. A., M. D., C. M.
Cor. Dundas and West Streets
Specialty—Diseases of Children.
Office hours—Until 9 a. m. 1 p. m. till 3 p. m. 7 till 9 p. m.
Telephone—279.

Hard and soft cut wood for sale. 'Phone 53.
ROBT. LIGHT. 46tf

Grit, charcoal, beef scrap, water cans, feeding hoppers.
DAVY & ALLISON.

TRAPPED ABOVE BIG BEN.

Experience of An English Steeplejack In London.

How he escaped with his life from "the toughest corner he had ever been in," is told in the following thrilling manner by W. Larkins, the famous English steeplejack:

Big Ben's tower, you may or may not know, is the highest building of its kind in the United Kingdom, its height being something over 370 feet.

It is surmounted by a sort of bouquet of Tudor roses, made of metal, the stalks resting in a basket-like arrangement, four feet wide, the roses rising to a height of 27 feet.

Not long ago one of the roses fell off, and I was instructed to examine the rest, to see if they were safe. The spot on which I was required to make the inspection was a bitterly cold one. An east wind was blowing and a rain storm threatened.

Although my hands were almost numbed, I managed to get my scaling ladders in place, running them up from the gallery that skirts the tower just above the clock face, to within six feet of the metal rose basket. Deciding not to run the risk of trying to reach the basket by climbing up the six feet of bare surface, I sent my assistant below for another ladder.

Becoming impatient, I decided that after all I would try and make the ascent without the extra ladder.

Standing on the top rung of the last ladder, I very diligently eased myself up the smooth surface and, fairly puffed out, reached the metal basket. Swinging myself up into it was the work of a minute. My next task was to climb the 27 feet that separated me from the roses.

Very slowly I climbed fifteen feet, then stopped to rest.

Five minutes later I prepared to finish the climb. Reaching up, I attempted to haul myself up by sheer strength of arm and wrist, only to find at the critical moment that I could not budge an inch—my left foot was jammed in the metal stalk of the roses!

Try as I would I could not loose it, and to retain my balance I had to rely solely on my benumbed grip. The suspending minutes were the most agonizing I ever experienced.

To add to my troubles, when I bent down to try and untie my bootlace, I was seized with a cramp—an attack which was so sharp that I nearly let go my grip. Perspiration streamed down my face.

For ten long nerve-exhausting minutes I remained in this position, half lying, half hanging across the rose stalks. Then the rain storm broke directly overhead, the rain simply roaring down from the heavens, completely blotting out everything below.

But while the downpour was most uncomfortable while it lasted, it proved my salvation. The wet soaked through my boots, causing the leather to "give," and with this came welcome release.

Finishing my inspection, I made my way to earth again, thanking my lucky star for the rain, and congratulating myself most fervently on getting out of about as tight a corner as any steeplejack, I suppose, has ever been in.

Wonders of Surgery.

Modern surgery is working marvellous cures every day. A Bethwork, Eng., woman has just returned home from hospital where she was operated on three years ago for caries of the spine. The doctors took a piece of bone from her leg and fitted it into her spine.

FAST WORKER

"Now tell me, did you ever get pinched for going too fast?"

"Nope, but I've been slapped."

Listen!

A number of second-hand coal or wood ranges, in good condition, now on hand. WILSON'S HARDWARE.

SUNDAY SCHOOL LESSON

REVIEW: REHOBOAM TO NEHEMIAH.

June 29, 1924.—Reading Amos 5: 18-24.

Golden Text.—Righteousness exalteth a nation; but sin is a reproach to any people, Prov. 14: 34.

I.—The Kingdoms.

An adequate review of this quarter's lessons means the historical review of the two kingdoms from the time of their formation under the division wrought through the folly of Rehoboam until the time of the reunion under Ezra and Nehemiah. It will be necessary to trace the history of the ten-tribed kingdom from the time of their revolt from Rehoboam until they were carried captive by Assyria beyond the Euphrates. The Kings were a sorry succession of apostates from the true worship of Israel's God, finally leading the nation to its ultimate catastrophe.

The story of the southern kingdom is much brighter. There the sunshine alternated with periods of and reform again and again turns back the tide of apostasy. But ultimately, in spite of long-continued warnings from notable prophets, Judah, persisting in her hardness of heart and rebellion against the Lord, was carried out of her land into Babylonian captivity.

The enslavement of these nations wrought two great results:

First, the nations were both purged from their idolatry. As a matter of history, the Jewish people have ever since been true to the first two of the Commandments.

Second, they were saved from their enmity one toward the other. The two nations became one. The Assyrian Empire into which the northern kingdom had been carried captive was ultimately absorbed by Babylon, in which Judah had been forced to make its home, and the two captive peoples of common stock and common language gradually coalesced.

While under the emancipation decree of Cyrus the first body of Jews to return to Palestine were largely from the three tribes—Judah, Benjamin and Levi. The two nations were no longer divided, and at the dedication of the Temple, Ezra, celebrating that unity by offering "for a sin-offering for all Israel twelve he-goats, according to the number of the tribes of Israel." (Ezra 6:17). At the same time he refers to all Israel again in the same chapter (verse 21), and as having been freed by the King of Assyria. It is to be noted, too, that in the book of Esther, in describing the great Empire of Persia, by which had absorbed Assyria and Babylon, it is said to reach from India to Ethiopia (Esther 1:1; 8:9; 9:30; 13:7; James 1:1).

II.—The Prophets.

The seven prophets whose lives and labours we have been studying for the past three months, would make together an interesting character study. They afford some striking examples of contrasting types of messengers chosen by God as channels through which His own purposes are wrought. Contrast Elijah and Elisha, or Moses and Isaiah, for example, so different, and yet each an instrument in God's hand for the restrainment of evil, and the doing of some good.

III.—The Reformers.

These two great characters with which we have closed the quarter's study are as much a contrast as the prophets. Ezra is the best example of the priest, while Nehemiah will always stand as highest example of the true politician. The first pre-eminently worked to bring the nation back to God, while Nehemiah just as conspicuously succeeded in taking God into the whole political life of the nation.

Religious Fervor of India.

"The soul of India is essentially religious," said Yohan Masih of India, a missionary to his native country of India, in an address at Knox College, Toronto. Mr. Masih presented to his hearers, in excellent English, the points of view of the Christian and the Indian, taking as his subject, "The Soul of India."

The religious fervor of the Indian people, he explained, was reflected in every department of life. Every movement, however small, has a religious significance. This was due, to a certain extent, perhaps, to the climate, whose vagaries and peculiarities had a profound effect upon the inhabitants. At any rate, from the poorest beggar in the streets to the wealthiest classes there seemed to be a search for the spiritual rather than the material things of life. In this connection Mr. Masih pointed out that the Indian had two characteristics peculiar to himself, a remarkable power of meditation, and the capacity to endure any degree of suffering for the sake of his religion. "With this power of meditation the Indian had reached out that God in him, who sees God in everything, as the European never has done," said the speaker.

Miner, Comedian But Not Golfer.

When Sir Harry Lauder first sprang from the bottom of a coal mine to the top of the entertainment world, a friend persuaded him to start to learn golf.

Accordingly he got an old Scottish player to go round the links with him.

The old chap was noted no less for his enthusiasm for the game than for his blunt outspokenness, and it was with some trepidation, therefore, that at the finish Harry ventured to ask him what he thought of his game.

"Na, ye'll no' mak a cowffer," he replied. "Ye've begun owwer late. But it's just possible, if ye practice hairrd, verra hairrd for two, three years, ye might—"

"Yes?" questioned Lauder, hopefully.

"Ye micht begin to hae a glimmer that ye'll never ken the r-rudiments o' the game."

EGREGIOUS TACTICS

The following from the current issue of the Financial Post, Toronto, relative to the "insult" offered to Hon. James Robb and Hon. George P. Graham at the annual banquet of the Canadian Manufacturers' Association in Montreal is illuminating. The Post, which has been a constant supporter of the Manufacturers' plea for higher protection thinks that the C. M. A. has at last gone quite too far in showing hostility to the present Government. Its correspondent in Montreal writes:

"The two most serious questions with manufacturers today are Tariff and Transportation. The Cabinet Ministers who deal with these subjects, Robb and Graham, were invited to the C. M. A. annual dinner here. They are both successful manufacturers themselves. They came in most friendly spirit with carefully prepared speeches putting the Government side frankly before the manufacturers, but beyond being given seats at the head table they were completely ignored. Not a reference was made to their presence and after short speeches by the senior officers and some song and jazz performances—the latter entirely out of place at a gathering of such important business men—the proceedings broke abruptly and on the ground that there was a cabaret on in another room to which some of those present might wander, while others who were sailing at noon next day might want time to pack.

"The announcement created amazement and for a few seconds there was dead silence. The explanation was passed around privately that the Ministers did not want to speak. Many members gathered about them as they were leaving the dining-room, learned the facts, realized what had happened, expressed intense indignation. The various explanations given by officials of the Association were regarded as so trivial that feeling ran high for a time. The explanation given seemed to confirm the view that a snub was intended as a means of formally expressing resentment over the recent tariff changes.

"The genial Mr. Robb, who is undoubtedly the wisest and best friend the industries of Canada has in the present Government, was very much put out and frankly told General John A. Dunn, Toronto, and a group of Montreal manufacturers who were expressing their personal disappointment, that it was the greatest insult he had been subjected to since entering public life.

ACCREDITED HERDS.

Canada and United States Fighting Tuberculosis in Cattle.

Canadian authorities have based their present system of tuberculosis eradication largely on that followed in the United States. Experience gained by the United States officials and by Canadian veterinary authorities in the control of other diseases are utilized in planning the present system of accredited herd testing.

To-day veterinary officers of both countries are working hard to develop better methods of controlling the disease and particularly to find more simple yet effective methods of detecting tuberculosis in cattle from it. One of the best methods of doing this has been the cleaning up of areas, in which every reactor in a herd was sent out and destroyed. In Canada only a start has been made in this area work, chiefly in two or three counties in Manitoba, but it is meeting with the approval of the Breeders there, and representatives from this province protested strongly against the resolution passed by the Western Canada Live Stock Union recently, asking that the accredited herd work be suspended for the present in so far as beef cattle herds were concerned.

James D. MacGregor, the well known Aberdeen-Angus breeder of Brandon, voices this protest in no uncertain terms in a recent letter to the Winnipeg Free Press in which he says:

"At this time, when this test has been in operation for years, almost any intelligent man who has had anything to do with it is satisfied with the test and satisfied that the test as at present applied it is possible to get it. I have had between four and five hundred pure-bred cattle under test for several years and I am absolutely certain that now that we have the intradermal and ophthalmic test (popularly known as the tail and the eye test) that it is impossible almost to make any mistake if the test is properly carried out, and in my experience the men who are conducting these tests in Manitoba are intelligent and expert at the business.

"My experience along this line has been costly, and I have given it a great deal of close personal attention —enough, going to see cattle slaughtered that react and, except in isolated cases, invariably the disease has been found in the animals. I cannot imagine anything that would be more disastrous to the cattle breeding industry of Western Canada than that a resolution of this sort should be taken seriously by our cattle breeders.

"I have known of several herds which have been tested in Manitoba without a reactor being found, and this is accounted for by the fact that the man was fortunate enough to get away at the start with clean cattle and did not purchase anything after or did not have his cattle come in contact with diseased cattle. This should be sufficient evidence that it is possible to keep the cattle clean. Also, among our own cattle we very rarely now find a reactor."

In the United States the work is going forward briskly. All the states are co-operating in this movement, and at the close of last year 16,216 herds had been accredited and over 100,000 additional herds had passed a first test without reactions. This widespread demonstration of the possibility of freeing individual herds from this disease has resulted in increased confidence in the area cleanup method. Already 23 states have joined in this plan. In these states more than 150 counties had completed or were in process of testing all of their cattle and nearly 300 counties were making arrangements to begin the work.

ON PARLIAMENT HILL

BY A MEMBER OF THE PARLIAMENTARY PRESS GALLERY.

Ottawa, June 16th, 1924.

From an oratorial standpoint, the debate of last week was that of Monday on the Lausanne Treaty. From the standpoint of general interest, probably would be placed in any but first position for, as one member put it to the writer: "If I venture to guess, that one half of the House doesn't know what the Lausanne Treaty was about." The man on the street is in much the latter position. He may know where Irak is, what the "Straits" means, and what the Treaty signed, but he is not highly concerned with the matter of its signing—by whom, when, where and how. He is interested, however, in the practical question: Does this Treaty bind Canada? and, it was upon the Prime Minister's reply to this question that the Canadians that there being most of the public interest in the Lausanne debate.

And that answer was very clear and very plain—indeed, very blunt. It was to this effect: "Since the King has ratified the Treaty, we, as part of the Empire, are bound in a legal sense. Just how we are to carry out any obligations resting upon us thereby is, however, a matter for our Parliament to determine."

Most effective of all he said was the reply of Mr. King to those critics (mostly press critics) who had charged him with "sitting silent" at the Imperial Conference and allowing Canada to be ridden over, roughshod, by the scheming politicians of the Whitehall. He quoted from official records to show that, far from keeping silence, he had protested against the fact that Canada was not invited to the Lausanne Conference; that, in a measure, she resented such non-representation; that she only gave only 'qualified' approval to the plans whereby her interests were being entangled and, most important of all, that she reserved the most complete liberty of mind whether or not, finally, her Parliament would concur in ratification of the Treaty. Canada, today, said Mr. King, was not concurring, technically, in the Treaty just as he had intimated she might not do, when he had spoken at the Conference.

The Prime Minister's clean-cut assertion of Canadian autonomy in inter-Imperial matters that concern her people is one that will appeal to all thinking Canadians. It is, in effect, a thoroughly friendly, but firm warning to Great Britain that, in the future, Canada must stand "as a sister nation" when affairs touching the Empire as a whole are discussed with the representatives of foreign powers, otherwise, Canada simply "does not concur" in so far as assuming resultant obligations is concerned.

THE RUM-RUNNING TREATY.

The rum-running Treaty between Canada and the United States, regarding which doubts are now fairly well understood by the Canadian public, was not ratified by the United States Senate on the final day of Session, that body, as many politicians had expected, not having time to deal with its many pressing matters. "As a sister nation" when affairs touching the Empire as a whole are discussed with the representatives of foreign powers, otherwise, Canada simply "does not concur" in so far as assuming resultant obligations is concerned.

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PROROGATION PROSPECTS.

The chief topic in the corridors of parliament is, not the Church Union Bill, nor the Redistribution, but "P. R." and not Home Bank, but this: "When will the House rise?" Members are diverging themselves as to the probable date of prorogation, hoping, meantime, that they are wrong and that the actual exit will come before the day named as the probable time of departure. The whole crux of the matter, however, is find some summer weather has not yet hit the Capital. It is degree of heat that determines the length of sessions. Degree of heat—scorching rays on a copper roof; heat that fairly crinkles the asphalt on the walks and that leaves members willing to do almost anything to get away from the House on the hill—degree of heat, again, is what gives third readings, approves resolutions and passes estimates at a rate utterly undreamed of, so long as the cool breeze of spring lingers, make life pleasant at the Capital.

THE CHURCH UNION BILL.

At long last, the Church Union Bill has made its escape from the Private Bills Committee. It is now in effect, what it was when introduced in a form practically unamended in several instances, the most important amendment being that providing for a two-year delay in its coming into operation, which latter, in turn, must be preceded by court decisions to the effect, that the General Assembly was competent to pledge the Presbyterian Church to Union and to the effect that the Bill itself is within the vires of the Federal parliament. The fight—for no one supposes for a moment the matter is settled—now shifts to the Commons. It will probably appear in the Chamber early this week when, no doubt, and the effort will be made to effect what it was impossible to do in committee, viz: to wipe from the Bill the amendment above referred to, great exception to which is taken by a strong body of Unionists. The debate will not be long, but it will be of a unique interest throughout Canada and with the passage of time, should assume an historical character of no little importance.

MISREPRESENTING CANADA IN BRITAIN

King must be prepared to reckon with detractors and slanderers abroad, in addition to those at home. His absence from the Lausanne Treaty had barely been cabled to Great Britain, when the wires were carrying back to Canada expressions of British regret and amazement that Canada's Prime Minister should have set up for this country the alternative—independence or annexation with the United States. Needless to say, Mr. King in his address made no such foolish remark. Indeed, his wording was most explicit, that, in his opinion, Canada's happiest and greatest future lay in retention of her status as a self-governing British Dominion rather than in either independence or annexation. Exactly what Mr. King did not say was handled around Britain and peddled back to Canada by men or agencies whose purpose could have been no other than wilfully to discredit the Canadian Prime Minister.

RUDE TO CABINET MINISTERS

The Canadian Manufacturers' Association made very few new friends and lost a goodly number of its old ones, by its treatment at a banquet in Montreal of Hon. James Robb and Honourable George P. Graham. Both Ministers were invited to attend the social function that concluded the three-day session of the C. M. A. annual meeting. Both accepted, and while at the head table, as guests of the Association, they were subjected to a torrent of criticism (as representatives of the Government), that ran very close to abuse. Neither Minister was invited to speak, much less given any opportunity to reply to the addresses made in criticism of the Budget. In view of the fact that there seems to be no dearth of money available among the followers of the C. M. A. banner for fighting the Budget in the country, the leaders of that fight might have shown more courtesy and less crudeness in treatment of public men who had come as invited guests, not as intruders or interlopers.

MR. MURDOCK EXHONERATED

The report of the Committee which investigated the charges made against Hon. James Murdock by E. Guss Porter (Conservative, Hastings West), in connection with the withdrawal of funds from the Home Bank prior to its failure, will be presented to the House early this week. Its general tenor already is well known to the public, having been given wide publicity last week. Mr. Murdock now will resume his seat in Parliament, a majority of the Committee having adjudged him to be innocent of any act of wrong-doing or personal honour or of the traditions of Parliament. There is little doubt that the Conservatives will attempt to reopen the case in the House, probably moving that what they term a "Whitewashing report" be not adopted. The sense of Parliament as a body is that Mr. Murdock was guilty at the most of a very human error of judgment, rather than of culpable savoring of breach of trust and his friends have little apprehension as to the action of Parliament should there be another attempt to put him in the pillory."

We are made for co-operation, like feet, like hands, like eyelids, like the two rows of teeth in our jaws. To act against one another then is contrary to nature, and it is acting against one another to be vexed and to turn away.

The boys are certainly helping to bring about a better system of farming. A sow, a cow and some hens with a club boy on the job will get the desired result.

I believe in going to the bottom of things and therefore in deep plowing and enough of it.—Henry Ward Beecher.

Club work develops the manhood and womanhood of the coming generation.

RARE BIBLICAL FIND.

Coptic Manuscript of St. John Ranks With Oldest Authorities.

Last winter, when members of the British School of Archaeology in Egypt were exploring at Qua-el-Kebir, a headland of the eastern cliffs up the Nile, about thirty miles south of Assiut, and over a hundred miles north of Thebes and Luxor, they made fresh discoveries. Most of these have reference to the early Egyptian dynasties and revealed specimens of vases, amulets and scarabs and ivory work.

Interesting as these records of ancient Egypt are, the most remarkable find of the year was an early Coptic biblical manuscript. Mr. Guy Brunton, the representative of the British school, who was directing the operations, was at work in an old Christian cemetery containing Coptic tombstones and Roman graves which had evidently lain undisturbed for some thirteen centuries.

There was dug up a rough jar, unfortunately so much broken that not even the pieces new remain. Inside the jar was found a small book—about the size of a man's fist. This bundle had an outer wrapping, some linen cloth, and a peep inside the cloth revealed a bundle of papyrus leaves, containing evidently some Christian Scripture in Coptic writing. Mr. Brunton packed the whole lot, linen rags and all, very carefully, and brought it to England for further examination.

When the packages was opened and examined by the hon. director of the British School of Archaeology, Sir Flinders Petrie, he found that it contained a tall, narrow book of papyrus doubled across the back and tied tightly in a cloth. He describes it as "therefore much strained and skewered. On one side it was partly rotted and the rest of it was extremely brittle."

With all his practiced skill Sir Flinders Petrie treated the papyrus so delicately that within a week he was able to separate the fragile leaves one from the other, and also to preserve the linen rag in which they had been tied so long. In all he found that the leaves numbered no fewer than 43, most of them in good condition, a few injured, and fragmentary scraps of various sizes. The largest leaf measures about ten inches high by four and three-quarter inches broad.

A preliminary examination showed that the papyrus contained the text of St. John's Gospel in Coptic written in a regular and scholarly hand.

The two main questions which arise concern (1) the date when this manuscript was written and (2) the actual biblical text which it contains.

The conclusion to which Sir Flinders Petrie and his colleagues have come is that the date of this papyrus—writing and not of the actual—is somewhere round about A.D. 400. It will therefore rank in age with the oldest authorities we have for the Greek text. It will then be the earliest extant manuscript of St. John's Gospel in Coptic, or any other dialect manuscripts of the text of anything like the complete Gospel in any tongue, and the earliest specimen of a complete text of the Gospel of St. John in any public library in Britain.

As to the text, we must await the result of the full examination which is being made by Sir Herbert Thompson, who is editing the volume which the British School of Archaeology in Egypt is publishing in connection with this discovery. Already Sir Herbert Thompson has found that its readings agree in the main with those of the Sahidic (or southern) version of the Coptic text, though they contain a primitive form of that version with many interesting variants. He will deal with this and all kindred topics in the book which the British School of Archaeology in Egypt hopes to issue next year.—London Times.

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Coffee Aroma Offended.

The English coffee house seems to have had its origin in Oxford, so far as can be discovered. In the year 1650 a Jew, opened a "Coffee" House at the Angel, in the Parish of Saint Peter in East Oxon, and there it was by some who delighted in novelties drank. In 1654 Cirques Johnson, a Jew and a Lincolnite, sold coffee in Oxon. In 1655 Arthur Tillyard, an apothecary, sold it publicly in his house against "All Souls College." In "A New View of London," published in 1798, one James Fair, a barber, who kept the house (now called the "Rainbow") in 1657, was summoned to appear before the court of St. Dunstan's in the West, for making and selling a sort of liquor called coffee, to the great nuisance and prejudice of the neighborhood.

Another New Peer.

Sir Herbert Merton Jessel, Bart., C.B., C.M.G., who was recently created a peer by King George, was the Unionist member of Parliament for St. Pancras South from 1896 to 1906 and from 1910 to 1918.

The new peer was responsible for carrying through the House of Commons the Old Age Pensions Act in 1911, and the Affiliations Order in 1914. Immediately after the outbreak of the great war, in August, 1914, he was appointed to the Government committee on the prevention and relief of distress. In 1918 he became a chairman of the military service committee panel (Minister of National Service.)

Born in 1866, he married Miss Maud Glodsmid in 1894, and has one son, Edward Herbert Jessel, and three daughters.

"Gentleman" Stole Dewar's Watch.

Lord Dewar convulsed his audience at a dinner of the Knights of the Round Table with a yarn concerning the habit electioneers have of calling everyone "gentlemen." He confessed he did it himself when M.P. for St. George's Whitechapel, and kept on saying "ladies and gentlemen" at one meeting.

The "gentlemen" stole his watch. He paid for its recovery, but it was stolen again before he had finished his oration.

Ants.

The American truth-teller was in form. "Talking of ants," he said, "we've got 'em as big as crabs out West. I've seen 'em fight with long horns, which they use as lances, charging each other like savages."

"They don't compare with the ants I saw in the Far East," said an inoffensive individual near by. "The natives have trained them as beasts of burden. One of 'em could trail a ton load for miles with ease. They worked willingly but occasionally they turned on their attendants and killed them."

But this was drawing the long bow a little too far.

"I say, old chap," said a shocked voice from the corner, "what sort of ants were they?"

"Eleph-ants," replied the inoffensive individual.

First Bible Published in America.

The first English Bible to be published in America was at Philadelphia in 1782 by Robert Aitken.

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Here and There

Although it is only 18 years ago that Alberta became a province, its population has increased fourfold, while the grain yield has increased twentyfold. Even at the present low prices, the total agricultural products of Alberta in 1923 were worth $223,000,000.

Reports concerning the apple crop in the Annapolis Valley show that the entire crop, including the estimated local consumption, was 1,816,000 barrels. It is reported that 70,000 apple trees and 5,000 plum trees will be set out in the valley this spring.

The railways of Canada up to the end of last April earned $48,000,000 more than they did for the corresponding period in 1923. This favorable result is due entirely to the fact that the people have been doing more business. All authorities are agreed that such a condition means growing trade.

Nearly 68,000 bushels of high class seed were handled at the Alberta government seed-cleaning plant during the past season. A total of 22,825 bushels of Marquis wheat seed was handled, 3,160 bushels of ruby wheat, 23,073 bushels of Victory oats, 17,866 bushels of Banner oats, and 684 bushels of Bark's Barley.

Three prizes for anglers at the bungalow camp on French River, Nipigon River, and the Lake of the Woods, have been offered to Canadian fishermen by the Canadian Pacific Railway. The trophies are silver replicas of the bass and the trout, and a wonderful reproduction of the head of a fighting muscalonge.

Among the speakers to address the great convention of the Associated Advertising Clubs of the World at London, England, to be held July 14-17, will be E. W. Beatty, K.C., Chairman and President of the Canadian Pacific Railway. Mr. Beatty will speak on July 17, and has chosen as his theme "Building an Empire with Advertising."

Canada's national wealth in 1921 was $22,196,000,000, according to a report just issued by the Dominion Bureau of Statistics. In the tabulation, agricultural wealth comes first with $7,362,871,000, or nearly 36 per cent of the total and about $908 per head of population. The Western provinces lead, the Yukon topping the list with $4,058. The first in absolute wealth was Ontario, to which is credited the sum of $7,358,000,000, or thirty-three per cent of the Dominion total.

Shipping in and out of the port of Vancouver, B.C., for the calendar year 1923, showed an increase in all departments, according to the annual report of the Board of Harbor Commissioners. Over 8133,-000,000 worth of goods were exported, an increase of $30,000,000 over the value of the 1922 exports, while the imports totalled $224,-000,000, an increase of $13,000,000 over the 1922 figures. Vessels numbering 19,606, representing a total of 8,427,680 net tons, entered and left the port in 1923, an increase over 1922 of 2,959 ships and 792,289 tons.

A party of 200 Canadian Weekly Newspaper Editors and their wives sailed for Europe on June 11th aboard the Canadian Pacific steamship "Melita." The party will visit the battle-fields of France and Belgium, seeing most important points in those countries, including Brussels, where they will be received by King Albert. Later, they will tour England and Scotland and are to be presented to the King and Queen at Buckingham Palace on Dominion Day. Returning on the Canadian Pacific steamship "Montlaurier," they will visit Belfast, where Sir Robert Baird, head of the Belfast Telegraph, will entertain them. They dock at Quebec on August 4th.

EAST INDIAN COOLIES.

These Natives Are Supplying Labor For the World.

The trouble between coolies and whites in British East Africa recently brings to mind the fact that India now supplies labor for half the world.

Take the case of Fiji. The islands have only 4,000 white inhabitants, but no fewer than 15,000 coolies have been imported from British India. They do almost all the outdoor work, especially on the sugar plantations.

British Guiana is another colony which lives on imported labor, the native and negro population being utterly undependable. As a matter of fact, nine-tenths of all the labor not only in British Guiana but also in Trinidad and Jamaica, is now derived from India.

The coolies are generally bound under a ten years' indenture, and assigned to one master for the first five years. Compulsory education is provided for the children, and there is a hospital on each estate.

Natal, finding herself unable to obtain sufficient Kafir labor for her coast sugar and coffee plantations, also imported immense numbers of coolies. So fond do these men become of the country, that most of them forfeit their return passages. Their children, educated at the expense of the state, have gone into business, and the ousting white men in shops and offices.

Both at Durban and Maritsburg, there are now several Indian cricket and football clubs. A peculiar consequence of the Indian importation into Natal has been that Arabs and Malays have followed the coolies in large numbers. Natal has at present the most mixed population of any part of the British Empire.

Tea in Ceylon is largely cultivated by gangs of coolies brought over under contract from India. Assam's tea plantations are also worked by laborers imported from a distance.

As for Mauritius, it is now practically an Indian island. The Indian coolies, imported originally to till the ground, have invested no less than seven million rupees in land on the island during the past few years, and are slowly but surely squeezing out the original middle-class proprietor of moderate means.

COUNTY COUNCIL

Court House, Napanee,
Tuesday, June 10th, 1924.

Council met at 2 p.m. at the call of the Warden. Warden Hugh Milling presiding.

Members present—Reeves Rogers, Denbigh, A. and A.; Patterson, Amherst Island; McNeely, Newburgh; Hannah, Camden; Smith, South Fredericksburgh; Paul, Richmond; Johnston, Adolphustown; Campbell, Kaladar, A. and E.; Young, Sheffield; Loyst, Ernesttown; Mellow, Bath; and Deputy Reeves Cousins, Camden; Peters, Ernesttown.

Rev. J. H. H. Coleman opened the session with prayer.

The minutes of the last day of March session were read and approved.

On motion the issue of debentures to be made for Provincial Road purposes be made at 5½ per cent. Referred to the Finance Committee.

Mr. Coleman briefly addressed the Council.

Mr. W. J. Shannon, Treasurer, presented a statement of the cash on hand and estimated requirements during the next couple of months.

An account, F. W. Barrett, for car, investigating complaints, re peddlers, $10.00, was ordered paid.

High Constable F. W. Barrett made a short report re the duties of his office.

Several communications from Highways Department, re roads, were ordered filed.

A communication from F. W. Barrett, High Constable, requesting Council to appoint him a constable under the O. T. A. Communication filed.

A motion to have the County Road in Ernesttown, (Nos. 11 and 12), from the Camden boundary to the bay shore surveyed to 66 feet, was introduced by Messrs. Loyst and Peters. Carried.

On motion the Chairman of County Property was instructed to purchase the supply of coal for the County buildings.

The Clerk laid on the table correspondence relating to the visit of Hon. G. S. Henry, re road matters.

Chairman of Roads and Bridges, Reeve Hannah, addressed the Committee, explaining to Council the matters laid before the Minister, and the views of the Minister on the matter. The Minister insisted on the changing of the system to conform to the new County Roads By-law as presented to the Council at the March session.

Reeve Paul, of W. Paul also addressed the Council in reference to the meeting.

Mr. Paul moved, seconded by Mr. Young, that the County Roads By-law lay on the table until the December session.

On motion the Chairman and Secretary of Roads and Bridges, the Warden and Sup. Anderson were authorized to meet the Provincial Roads Commissioner at Belleville.

Council adjourned.

Wednesday, June 11th.

Council met at 9 a.m.

Minutes of Tuesday afternoon were read and approved.

On motion the By-law to borrow $25,000 to pay Provincial Highway expenditure, 1923, was laid on the table until this session.

Communications, re M. R. Reid's travelling expenses were read. On motion, Lennox and Addington will pay 60% same as Frontenac County.

Mr. M. R. Reid appeared before the Council in reference to his allowance for travelling expenses.

Mr. Reid was given a vote of thanks for his able explanations.

Wednesday Afternoon.

The Roads and Bridges Committee reported on matters relating to County machinery, and that a new crusher with hail been ordered. Also two new tanks complete, and one tank without gear. The Committee then inspected a large portion of the County Roads and recommended the re-building of Big Creek bridge.

Several Councillors further explained matters which were taken up at that meeting. Report adopted.

The report of the Roads and Bridges Committee, re Indian Lake bridges, was presented by Mr. Hannah, recommending an expenditure of $650.00 by this County, and a like amount by Frontenac County. Mr. Rogers to look after the expenditure of the money. Report adopted.

The Clerk laid on the table a number of reports from other counties in Ontario, showing amounts paid members per day and amount paid Wardens. The average amount seems to be $5.00 per day and $200 to the Warden.

A notification from the I. O. D. E. that they intend holding their annual decoration of the Soldiers' Monument on June 29th, and asking the assistance of the County Council in defraying expenses.

A grant of $25.00 was made toward the expenses of the ceremony.

An auto damage claim from Jas. Johnston on County Roads, $3.00, was ordered filed.

A notice from Magistrate J. L. Lloyd, Northbrook, re May I. Renand, that he had sent her to the Industrial School.

A communication from the Inspector of legal offices, re stenographer for Police Magistrate's office, was read and filed.

The Clerk was requested to write the Attorney General's Department to ascertain whether Mr. J. N. Lloyd, Northbrook, is a County Police Magistrate.

Council adjourned.

Thursday Morning.

An account, re Nelson Peters, Ernesttown, poor relief, $70.50, was ordered paid.

A communication from the Department of Education, re Accommodation and Equipment grant, was received and ordered filed.

The Agricultural Committee reported the application of the Agricultural Representative for the usual grant from each school for School Fairs, 88 schools at $3.00 per school, $264. Report adopted and grant ordered paid.

The following accounts were ordered paid :—G. E. Winter, County Property, $9.20; G. E. Vandewater, Court House, $23.75; S. R. Wilson, Division Court, $1.25; Mrs. W. E. Loyst, re Renand, $15.80; Hydro-Electric, $2.80; Victoria Industrial School, $46.50; Jas. Reid, re Young, $25.00; Industrial Refuge, $30.00; E. J. Corkill, contingent, $10.60.

The following account were referred to committees :—Department Highways, for stone $78.37, and $12.87; Sawyer-Massey Co., $1150.00.

The Police Committee reported re claim, J. N. Lloyd, Police Magistrate, for office accommodation and supplies, recommending a grant of $60.00 per year. Laid on the table.

Thursday Afternoon.

Various matters pertaining to roads and bridges were taken up a considerable portion of the session with a full discussion of these questions.

Mr. Milling asked for an overdraft of $5,000.00, to be spent on the Hamburgh road, in order to widen and ditch the worst portion of that road in North Fredericksburgh.

The Special Committee appointed to meet the Minister of Highways in reference to amending By-law No. 294, reported that the Minister and Deputy Minister visited Napanee and that the County would be allowed to continue for this year the same regulations in building County roads that have governed the matter in past years.

A copy of a letter from the Inspector Prisons to U. M. Wilson, C.C.A., re uniform of Gaol Officer, was read.

Referred to Treasurer to send to Government Auditors.

Council adjourned in order that the members may visit the Hamburgh road above referred to.

Friday Morning.

Minutes of Thursday were read and adopted.

On motion the report of Police Committee, laid on the table until the next session, was referred back to the Committee, with power to act on receiving report from Attorney General's Department, that the County is liable for the amount claimed.

A communication from the Department of Highways, re Government stone used in Ernesttown, was referred to the Council of the Township of Ernesttown.

An account from Police Magistrate Ruttan, for fees where no fines were collected, was referred to the Police Committee.

Account, E. J. Pollard, $92.00, was ordered paid.

Account, Township of Richmond, re Loyst, $55.00, $25.00 ordered paid.

The various school requisitions were presented and referred to the Education and Printing Committee.

An account from Woodville Continuation School for pupils from this County, $40.95, was referred to the Education and Printing Committee.

A letter from Mr. U. M. Wilson, C.C.A., giving notice of the abrogation of the usual arrangement for payment of office rent and expenses.

On motion the communication was filed.

The matter of painting the roof of the Court House was left in the hands of the Chairman of County Property and Reeve Young.

Council adjourned.

FRIDAY AFTERNOON.

Moved by Coun. Milling, seconded by Coun. Johnston, that North Fredericksburgh be allowed an overdraft on county road account of $1,000, money to be expended on Hamburgh road, from Napanee to Close's lane. Carried.

Mr. A. B. Carscallen addressed the Council for a few minutes.

A deputation from the Committee in charge of the Lennox and Addington Old Boys' Reunion, appeared before Council asking for aid in the undertaking. Messrs. R. R. White, W. A. Grange, W. J. Doller, J. L. Boyes and J. E. Robinson addressed the council. The matter was referred to the Finance Committee, who later reported recommending a grant of $100, which report was adopted.

An account from the Home for the Aged, Kingston, $1122.74, for quarter ending April 30th, was ordered paid at contract rate, which reduces the account by some $200.

Mr. John Dunkley, of the Law Construction Co., appeared before the Council in reference to, tarring some sections of road in Camden and Hill & Company's proposition before the council.

SATURDAY MORNING.

Mr. McGregor, ex-warden of Frontenac County, addressed the Council on county road matters.

Mr. Corkill, I.P.S., addressed the council on school matters.

On motion the chairman of the Finance Committee was empowered to look after the insurance on the county property.

A communication from the Sawyer-Massey Co., re new crusher bin, was referred to a committee, who will examine the bin test its capacity and if found according to contract, pay the account for same.

A motion to allow the Township of Adolphustown an overdraft on county road account of $2000, to be spent on County road No. 6, if in the opinion of the Roads and Bridges Committee, the expenditure is necessary this year, was lost. Mr. Johnston asked for the yeas and nays, which resulted as follows :

Yeas—Campbell, Johnston, Graham, Loyst, Mellow, Patterson, Peters, Rogers—8.

Nays—Cousins, Hannah, McNeely, Milling, Smith, Young, Paul—7.

Motion declared carried on Yeas and Nays.

The second report of the Roads and Bridges Committee re tarring roads, was adopted.

The Warden and Chairman of the Roads and Bridges Committee were empowered to complete a contract with the Law Construction Co. for the tarring of certain roads.

A motion was passed that certain roads in Ernesttown be tarred if the roads are in fit condition for tarring, and if not in condition that Ernesttown township be allowed an overdraft of $2000 on county roads account.

Accounts ordered paid : Gibbard Furniture Co., $15.00 ; F. Ford $5.50 ; Jackson Press $3.18, $14.71.

The Finance Committee report recommending that $5000 be placed to credit of county treasurer's contingent account.

Report adopted.

The report of the Roads and Bridges Committee recommended that the following roads be tarred :

Township Camden, Strathcona to one mile west from Sheffield boundary to C. P. R. crossing ; mile ; Township Sheffield, 4 miles south and west of Tamworth ; North Fredericksburgh, Close's Lane ; South Fredericksburgh, from north boundary to Charters' Corner ; Ernesttown, certain county roads if surface is in fit condition.

Council adjourned at call of Warden.

Thomas D. Smith, aged sixty-seven, is dead at Leroy, N.Y. He was a Canadian. One son, John, resides on Amherst Island, and two brothers, John and Charles Smith, live in Kingston.

GET IT AT WALLACE'S

At McIntosh Bros. Store

You can get for One Dollar All This Week:

EXTRA VALUES IN LADIES' WEAR

COTTON NIGHT GOWNS, low necks, short sleeves, lace and embroidery trimmed $1.00
LADIES' COTTON DRAWERS, embroidery trimmed, all sizes, ..2 Prs. for $1.00
HAIR NETS, all shades, doz. $1.00
LADIES' BRASSIERS, all sizes, 32 to 44, Pink or White, back or front fastenes ..... 2 for $1.00
LADIES' SUMMER VESTS, sizes 44, 46 and 48, strap and short sleeves, fine lisle thread ..... 3 for $1.00
LADIES' SUMMER VESTS, short sleeves, strap and open top ..... 4 for $1.00
LADIES' JERSEY BLOOMERS, large sizes ..... 2 Prs. $1.00

MISSES' AND CHILDREN'S DEPARTMENT OFFER

CHILDREN'S GINGHAM DRESSES in Striped Ginghams, Extra Special 2 for $1.00
CHILDREN'S COVERALLS in Blue Chambray and Black Sateen, each $1.00
CHILDREN'S BLOOMER DRESSES, Black Sateen or Khaki, 2 to 5 years, red or yellow trimmed $1.00
BOYS' PLAY SUITS in Khaki or Blue Duck, sizes 3 to 6 ..... $1.00
BOYS' OVERALLS, knee length, sizes 2 to 5 years ..... 3 for $1.00
CHILDREN'S JERSEY BLOOMERS, Pink White and Black, 6 to 12 years. 4 Prs. $1.00
LADIES' COTTON HEATHER HOSE, clearing ..... 4 Prs. $1.00
LADIES' SILK HOSE, ribbed tops, Black, Brown, Grey and Fawn ..... 2 Prs. $1.00
LADIES' LISLE HOSE, Silkline Quality, Black, Brown and White ..2 Prs. $1.00
CHILDREN'S FINE MERCERIZED HOSE, Black, Brown and Sand, all sizes ..2 Prs. $1.00
CHILDREN'S COTTON HOSE, Black, White and Brown, all sizes ..... 4 Prs. $1.00
HUCK TOWELS, 100 per cent. linen, size 18 x 34 ..... 4 for $1.00
32 inch GINGHAMS in Stripes, Checks and Plaids ..... 29c. Yd., or 2 Yds. $1.00

FANCY CREPES in White, Pink, Mauve and Sky ..... 3½ Yds. $1.00
SCOTCH MADRAS, 36 in. wide, conventional, scroll, bird, floral patterns 3 Yds. $1.00
CURTAIN SCRIM, White and Ivory 7 Yrs. $1.00
ENGLISH GALATEA SHIRTINGS, in Light and Dark Checks, Stripes and Plaids ..... 5 Yds. $1.00
STEEL CLAD GALATEA, Light and Dark ..... 3 Yds. $1.00
A CHECKED MADRAS, 40 in. wide, in Ecru ..... 5 Yds. $1.00
27 IN. GINGHAMS, good quality, in Plaids ..... 5 Yds. $1.00
ROLLER TOWELLING, White and striped border ..... 6 Yds. $1.00
4-STRINGED BROOMS ..... 2 for $1.00
JARDINIERE'S, Reg. 75c ..... 2 for $1.00

BARGAINS IN MEN'S WEAR

MEN'S SILK AND WOOL SOX In Navy, Fawn, Grey, Black, Brown ..... 2 Prs. $1.00
MEN'S PURE CASHMERE SOX ..... 2 Prs. $1.00
MEN'S COTTON SOX, Black, Brown and Grey ..... 4 Prs. $1.00

GRANITEWARE

2-quart DISH PAN $1.00
8-quart LONDON SAUCE PAN $1.00
12-quart WATER PAIL $1.00
2½-quart DOUBLE BOILER $1.00
6-quart TEA KETTLE $1.00

CHINA AND SOAP, ETC.

CHINA CUPS and SAUCERS ..... 4 for $1.00
CHINA DISHES ..... 2 for $1.00
CHINA CAKE PLATES ..... 2 for $1.00
CUT GLASS SHERBETS, reg. 50c. 3 for $1.00
CUT GLASS CELERY TRAYS ..... 2 for $1.00
CUT GLASS TUMBLERS ..... 10 for $1.00
PALM BEACH TOILET SOAP 14 cakes for $1
CLOVER LEAF BREAD and BUTTER PLATES ..... 12 for $1.00

'PHONE 359 McINTOSH BROS. NAPANEE BRANCH

Beards the Cabinet.

George Lane, the millionaire cattle-rancher of Alberta, whose name has increased tremendously since the Prince of Wales became his next door neighbor, is a shrewd, shaggy, good-natured, typically western character, one of the few survivors of the school made famous by the late Alfred Henry Lewis and his Red Rose and Wolfville stories, as told by the Old Cattleman.

Some years ago George Lane was called to Ottawa by Sir Wilfrid Laurier, who desired his advice concerning western land settlement and immigration.

After a number of appointments had been made and broken by the premier, George Lane reached the Parliament buildings one afternoon to find he was again being put off, this time because the Cabinet was in session.

"Where is the Cabinet meeting?" he asked.

Having been told, he brushed the doorman aside and stalked in.

"I'm George Lane from Red Rose," he announced. "You sent for me to learn my views on immigration and land settlement, but if you think you're going to keep me hanging around here day after day to suit your convenience you're darned well mistaken. My time is too valuable for you to treat me in this fashion. If you want me to tell you anything now's the time. This other business you are discussing can wait. I'm leaving for home on to-morrow morning's train."

He had his interview then and there.

Canada's Red Ensign.

The Canadian red ensign is to be used by all privately owned ships of Canadian register on the high seas, as it is now by the offices of the Canadian High Commissioner in London. It will make its appearance, wherever Canadian merchantmen are wayside. This flag has a red field, with the Union Jack in the left upper corner. It has been called the exclusive flag of Canada, but will not be used in Canada, where, as before, the Union Jack will be flown as the national emblem.

The new flag will carry a simplified form of the new Canadian coat-of-arms in the field. It has been authorized in order to give Canadian shipping a mark in contrast with vessels of the Motherland and the other Dominions. For the same reason it has been authorized for the flagstaff of the High Commissioner's office in London.

The blue ensign will be used exclusively by Government owned vessels or vessels which number among their crew a specific percentage of naval reserve men.

Natives of Canada.

In the opinion of the Prince of Wales, who is as well qualified as anyone to speak on the subject, there is nothing like travel for educating and broadening the mind.

As an instance of the lack of knowledge that prevails in some quarters in England regarding even the best-known Dominions, the prince stated recently that he had received a letter from a girl of fourteen who, in congratulating him on his safe return to England, stated that she was anxious to know what the natives of Canada look like!

Tracing Their Ancestry.

"How far do they trace their ancestry?"

"The grandfather, a City Bank Director, was traced as far as China; there all traces were lost."

PUT UP PEERLESS FENCE

Farm, Poultry and Lawn Fencing.

A full stock always on hand.

D. B. WILSON

'Phone 138.

F. C. MARTIN & SON

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Parlors and Office : Dundas St., Napanee

A motor ambulance has been purchased and is available when required, day or night.

Office Telephone No. 74.
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Successors to Hambly & Ming.

24-6m

H. W. GALLAGHER

The People's Auctioneer

My experience in handling a number of very successful sales has convinced my patrons that I am capable of handling any sale and guarantee to give you perfect satisfaction.

List your sales with me.

H. W. GALLAGHER.

Phone 10 ring 1-3,
Adolphustown.

11-3-m

CLEAN-UP

This is the proper season for a general clean-up.

Destroy all rubbish which might cause fires.

Alsao be sure

YOUR INSURANCE

is ample and in a reliable company.

Consult

HARSHAW & SON

Insurance Agents,

NAPANEE, ONT.

You will soon be thinking about taking that Motor Trip.

Be sure and have the most important part of your car in good condition—"THE BATTERY." lights, horn and ignition will surely fail if the battery is not O.K. Perhaps the generator is not taking care of the battery by keeping it charged—it should—that is why it was put on the car. Let us look your car over.

We specialize on Repairs to all makes of :

—BATTERIES.
—GENERATORS.
—STARTING MOTORS.
—IGNITION SYSTEMS.

We keep parts in stock for all car electrical systems.

HEADQUARTERS FOR

RADIO SETS AND SUPPLIES

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Official Examiner for Chauffeur's Licenses.

'Phone 264.

JOHN STREET, NAPANEE.

Dairy Supplies.

Milk Cans (8 gallons) Dairy Pails, Pans, Creamers, etc., always in stock. WILSON'S HARDWARE.

Notice.

The Division Court Office will be closed each Wednesday until September 1st.

30-a A. E. PAUL, Clerk.

Ladies Bowling Club.

The Ladies' Bowling Club will hold a tea on Wednesday afternoon, June 25th, at the Club House.

Repairs.

Winter weather requires good boots. Bring in those old ones and have them repaired.

SEYMOUR BROS.,
Near Post Office.

New Paint Shop.

Mr. Frank Markle has rented the Symington evaporator building at the foot of West street, and is fixing it up for a paint shop, for cars, motor boats, furniture, etc. Tops and trimmings of all kinds. Work guaranteed. 5-tf

Wallace's Sell

Highest grade Separator Oil, 25c. quart ; new Electric Louse Powder 35c. a lb. ; 6 lbs. Epsom Salts for stock 25c. ; 1 lb. pure Salt Petre 25c. ; 6 lbs. Sulphur 25c.; Waldemarine (Winter Balm) 25c. a bottle ; Glycerine and Rose Water 25c. bottle ; 2 oz. Blaud's Improved Iron Pills 25c. Everything fresh and good at WALLACE'S.

The Market Grocery.

Fresh fruits and vegetables. Strawberries are now coming in. Radishes, cucumbers, tomatoes, staple and fancy groceries. The increased demand for our special lines of Teeas, Coffee and Cocoa, is a token of their superior quality. Have you tried them ?

THOMPSON BROS.
Phone 154.

Gifts for a Principal.

A very interesting event took place at the Consolidated school, Tamworth, on Friday, June 13th, when the staff and pupils gathered in the assembly hall and an address was read by Miss Annie Stinson, expressing regret at the departure of the Principal, D. R. Fletcher, and appreciation of his nine years of service as head of the school. Miss Beatrice Millican then presented Mr. Fletcher with a beautiful pedestal electric reading lamp, and Mrs. Fletcher with a box of silverware. Mr. Fletcher expressed his entire surprise and deep appreciation at these expressions of good-will from the entire school and thanked the pupils for their good support in the past and referred to the graduates of the school making their mark as business men, scientific men, lawyers, physicians, nurses and teachers and stating his confidence that the future work of the school would continue to be of a high standard; he would follow the careers of the pupils with great interest.

BETTER GREEN TEA IMPORTED

Many think that those who drink Green Tea are more critical judges of quality than those who drink black. Such would seem to be the case because some years ago great quantities of poor quality Japan and China Green Tea were brought into Canada. The demand for this type of tea soon fell off. Now, however, the much finer quality of India and Ceylon Green Tea, imported mostly by the Salada Tea Company, has sharply revived the demand by those who enjoy the distinctive flavor of Green Tea.

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1886-1924

Did anyone tell you we did not sell that Coal ?
Just send them to us.
We have our reputation to sustain.

"Net" value is the strong point of our Coal ; highest in heat units is the analysis of our Coal.
Place your order NOW.
Come and see your Coal weighed.

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Roses ! Roses ! Roses !

40 Varieties to select from

Shade Trees, Flowering Shrubs, Evergreens, Climbing Vines, Hedge Plants, Peonies, Iris, Phlox and a general assortment of best Hardy Perennials.

Apple, Pear, Plum, and Cherry Trees.

Special Prices at Nursery

179 Dundas St., East

Belleville

We have a fine lot of Strawberry Plants and will make a special price of $5.00 per 1000 at the Nursery.

W. C. Reid

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PINE LUMBER FOR SALE

In all thicknesses and dimensions.—Also Hardwoods, Slabs and Stovewood.

After January 10 we will do CUSTOM SAWING at our water power Grist Mill

AT MILLHAVEN

Phone 1, Napanee, or Bath Cen. al.

M. R. MIDMER

GRACE METH. CHURCH

A. J. TERRILL, B.A., B.D., Pastor.

9.30—Class meeting
10.30 a.m.—Morning service. The pastor will preach.
11.45 — Sunday School and Adult Classes.
7.00 p.m.—Evening service. Rev. C. J. Wilson will preach.
Wednesday, 7.45—Prayer and praise.
Remember Sunday School Excursion July 17th.

Orchard Party at Selby.

Reserve Wednesday evening, July 9th, to come to the Orchard Party at Selby. A very pleasant evening is promised to each and every one. 30-b

Concert and One Act Play.

A splendid concert is being prepared to be given in the Town Hall, Friday evening, June 27th. Reserve the date and watch these columns for full particulars next week.

Napanee, Dominion Day.

1300 in purses for horse races; 2 ball games games, Napanee and Adolphustown ; Tamworth and Newburgh. The Napanee Driving Park is one of the finest in Ontario to enjoy a holiday in. There will be a big community Dance in the Armouries in the evening.

County to Tar Roads.

The County Council at its June session decided that the time has arrived when the surface of the county roads now being constructed, must be further protected in order to preserve the surface, and have designated certain roads in various townships, which will have their first application of asphalt this year. The County Council is to be commended in making this move to preserve the roads already built, and keep the county roads up to the standard, which is intended when they are built.

Lower School Examinations.

The Lower School Examinations for Model and Entrance (Teachers' Certificates) will be held on July 3, 4 and 7, at the Collegiate Institute. The subjects of these examinations are English Grammar or Latin Grammar, Canadian History, Geography, Physiography, Arithmetic, Art, Botany and Zoology. It will be necessary for all candidates desirous of writing on any of these examinations to notify Mr. E. J. Corkill, Public School Inspector, before June 27th.

Commemoration Services at Soldier's Monument, Napanee.

On Sunday next, June 29th, at 3 p.m., the annual commemoration services and decoration of the Soldier's Monument, will be held in front of the Court House, Napanee, under the auspices of the "U.E.L." Chapter I.O.D.E., W. S. Herrington, Esq., K.C., having kindly consented to act as chairman. All organizations and citizens, as well as residents out of town, are very cordially asked to attend the ceremonies, and each organization or individuals wishing to place floral tributes at the monument's base, are invited to do so. In case of wet weather, the ceremonies will take place inside the Court House.

100 Years Old.

A happy family gathering was held at the home of Mrs. Asselstine, Alfred street on Thursday, on the occasion of the 100th birthday, when her daughter, Miss K. Asselstine, entertained at luncheon in her honor. Among the out-of-town guests present for the occasion were Mrs. Asselstine's eldest son, Mr. Michael Asselstine, of Odessa, and his daughter, Miss Frances Asselstine ; her granddaughter, Mrs. F. Jarratt, Montreal ; her sister, Mrs. Grange, Napanee ; and several of her oldest friends, including Mr. and Mrs. Hambly and Mrs. Dean, of Napanee, and Mr. and Mrs. Thompson, Odessa. Mrs. F. H. Powsley, grandson of Mrs. Asselstine arrived from Toronto Thursday afternoon. The gathering was a very happy one, Mrs. Asselstine being the recipient of many beautiful gifts and the very heartiest congratulations upon her birthday, while all the afternoon a continual stream of visitors were welcomed at her home—Kingston Standard.

Joynt—Vandewater.

The home of Mr. and Mrs. Geo. E. Vandewater, Desoronto, was the scene of a very pretty wedding on Wednesday, June 11th, when their eldest daughter, Marcella Eileen became the bride of Mr. Cecil A. Joyne, of Brooklin, Ont. The ceremony was performed by Rev. D. W. Richard, son. Sharp at high noon, to the strains of Lohengrins Wedding March, played by Miss Daisy Large, the bride entered the drawing-room on the arm of her father and looked very sweet in a becoming suit of sand tricotine with hat en suit, and carried a corsage bouquet of white carnations and lily-of-the-valley. The bride was attended by her sister, Miss Gertrude Vandewater, who was becomingly gowned in a sand canton crepe dress with hat to match and carried pink carnations and lily-of-the-valley. Mr. Harold Weir, of Oshawa, supported the groom. The drawing-room was beautifully decorated with an arch of evergreen, daintily touched up with white and mauve lilacs. After the ceremony, about fifty guests partook of a sumptuous luncheon. Just over the table hung a white bell, very prettily trimmed with lilacs and white ribbon. The bride was the recipient of many beautiful and costly gifts, showing in what high esteem the young couple is held in this vicinity. Mr. and Mrs. Joynt left on a trip for Toronto, Detroit, Saginaw and other western points. On their return they will reside at Brooklin, Ont. Guests attended from Oshawa, Brooklin, Port Perry, Madoc, Harrowsmith and Toronto.

Coal oil stoves and ovens at DAVY & ALLISON'S.

DRY CLEANING

No matter how spotted or soiled your garment is, bring it here and let us tell you what can be done with it.

A complete Cleaning, Dyeing and Tailoring Service, capable of handling with care every problem of renovation and repairing.

JAMES WALTERS,
MERCHANT TAILOR.
NAPANEE

ST ANDREW'S CHURCH

Rev. A. J. Wilson, B. A., B. D., pastor.

Sunday, 10.30—Morning Worship.
11.45—Sunday school and bible classes.
Sunday, 7.00 p. m.—Evening Worship.
Thursday, 7.30 p.m.—Midweek service.

S. MARY MAGDALENE CHURCH

Services of S. Mary Magdalene Church :

Rev. J. H. H. Coleman, M. A., Vicar.

8.00—Holy Communion.
10.30—Morning Prayer.
12.00—Sunday School.
7.00—Evening prayer.

PARISH OF SELBY.

Rev. James Hutton, Incumbent.

Sunday, June 29th, St. Peter's Day.

St. Jude's Church, Kingsford, Holy Communion, 10.30 a.m. Celebrant, Rev. R. W. Spencer, Camden East.

St. John's Church, Selby, Evensong, 2.30 p.m. Preacher, Rev. R. W. Spencer.

TAMWORTH UNION CIRCUIT

W. H. CLARKE, Minister.

Camden VIII—
9.45—Sunday School.
10.30—Church service.

Tamworth—
10.30—Sunday School.
2.30—Annual church service for Tamworth Lodge A.F. & A.M., No. 159.

Marlbank—
10.00—Sunday School.
7.30—Church service.

The late Alfred A. Caton.

There passed away on Sunday night, at his home, Kingston, Alfred Augustus Caton, a highly respected resident of that city, after an illness lasting considerable time. The late Mr. Caton was sixty-four years of age and he was born in Ernesttown, but went to Kingston over seventeen years ago, residing there ever since, where his splendid qualities soon won him a host of friends who heard with deep regret of his death. The late Mr. Caton was retired, but in his earlier days had carried on farming. He is survived by his widow and one son, Harold, of Kingston, also two sisters, Mrs. Wm. Rose, of Bath, and Mrs. Jacob Doir, of St. Catharines.

Concert in Town Hall.

A most attractive concert is being arranged to be given in the Town Hall, this Friday evening, June 27th, consisting of a musical programme by the best local talent, assisted by Mr. Marven Rathbun, Desoronto, concluding with a one act play, "Society Notes," by Duffy R. West, a cleverly written comedy. Following is the cast of characters as they appear on the stage :

Mary Sedgwick—Miss Tillie Waller.
Reginald Staunton—Mr. Hugo Gleason.
Mrs. Sedgwick—Mrs. Katherine Powell.
Miss Florrie Fountain—Mrs. D'Arcy Sneath.
Mr. Sedgwick—Mr. Claude Knight.
Mr. Glen Corre—Mr. J. Marshall.

Admission 50c., plus Amusement Tax.

The Late Mary E. Walsh.

Napanee lost another of its real pioneers in the passing of Miss Mary E. Walsh on Friday last. Miss Walsh was the youngest and only surviving member of the family of the late John Walsh, who settled in Napanee over 100 years ago. With her going passes the name of Walsh in this family. The funeral was held Monday morning from the late residence, West street, to St. Patrick's Church, where High Requiem Mass was sung by Rev. Father O'Connor, assisted by the choir. Miss Frances Dwyer rendering very beautifully Miss Walsh's favorite hymn "Nearer My God to Thee." Miss Walsh for many years played the organ in St. Patrick's Church and performed many other duties in church work. In late years she has been a great sufferer, but her unfailing courage, genial disposition and keen sense of humour, kept her surrounded by a large circle of friends. Miss Walsh was a life-long resident of Napanee and the many spiritual and floral offerings testified the high esteem in which she was held.

Save the Surface.

Use Martin-Senour, 100 per cent. pure paints and varnishes. A paint for every purpose and a brush for every purpose. Also best boiled oil, turpentine and White Lead, glass and putty always in stock.

TRINITY METH. CHURCH

Rev. W. R. Tanton, Pastor.

Social Service Anniversary.
Rev. Major G. S. Campbell will preach both morning and evening.
11.45 a.m.—Sunday School and Bible Classes.

INNOCENT IN PRISON.

Two Men Serve Seven Years Before Being Released.

Sir Basil Thomson, late chief of the Crimical Investigation Department of Scotland Yard, London, who has been writing his reminiscences, tells the following remarkable story:

One of the most glaring cases of mistaken identity in recent times occurred in connection with a burglary at Edlingham Vicarage, in Northumberland. On February 7th, 1879, at 1 a.m., Miss Buckle, the vicar's daughter, heard burglars in the house, and aroused her father, a man of seventy-seven, who seized a sword and ran downstairs to do battle for his possessions.

Finding two men ransacking the drawing-room, he lunged at one of them. The other fired, wounding both the vicar and his daughter, who was behind him. If either of them had died, two innocent men would have gone to the gallows.

The police took up the case with great energy. They recovered a chisel with which the window had been forced open, and a piece of newspaper which had been dropped near the door. In the soft earth outside the window they found deep foot-prints.

They first ascertained that two known poachers, named Michael Brannagan and Peter Murphy, had been out all night, they arrested and searched them. They had a key trade of a sword wound, nor was Mr. Buckle or his daughter able to identify them at first, though later Mr. Buckle changed his opinion.

At this stage there was no evidence against them. But at the police court they produced plaster casts of the foot-prints, together with the boots and clogs of the prisoners, which corresponded exactly. They brought forward Murphy's brother-in-law, named Redpath, who swore to the chisel as his property; and in the lining of Murphy's coat one of the witnesses found a piece of torn newspaper which exactly fitted the piece that had been picked up on the scene of the burglary.

At the Assizes a constable produced a fragment of fustian cloth which he alleged he had picked up under the vicarage window, and this was found to be exactly into a rent in Brannagan's trousers. It did not transpire at the trial that the police had heard after the arrest that the accused were not the only men who had been absent from their homes that night, and that there were witnesses who had met the prisoners on the side of Alwick soon after the burglary.

Mr. Justice Manisty, who tried the case, referred to the piece of cloth to be put in evidence, although no doubt it had its effect on the jury. On this circumstantial evidence the two men were convicted and sentenced to penal servitude for life, on the ground that it was a mere accident that they were not on their trial for murder.

Seven years passed, and both men had long given up hope of ever establishing their innocence, when it came to the knowledge of a certain publican in Alnwick that a man named Edgell had been out all night on the date of the Edlington burglary, and that his wife had begged her fellow-lodgers to say nothing about it. He mentioned this to Mr. Percy, the Vicar of St. Paul's, who got hold of Edgell and talked him with effect.

He stoutly denied it, but his agitation satisfied Mr. Percy that he was guilty. He knew that Supt. Harkes, who had died since the trial, had admitted that he was wrong, but had said that it was then too late to repair his error.

Mr. Percy soon discovered that a powerful ruffian named Richardson was always hanging about Edgell, and was the last Edgell broke down and made a full confession the reason came out.

Richardson had been with him in the burglary. They had had an unsuccessful night's poaching, and then Richardson had suggested breaking into the vicarage. They had found the chisel in an outhouse, and the coat in which the torn newspaper had been found did not belong to Murphy. The confession was corroborated by a jeweller to whom Richardson was proved to have sold Miss Buckle's seal.

The Home Secretary appointed a commissioner to investigate all the circumstances, and on his report Brannagan and Murphy were released and awarded £800 each as compensation for the seven years spent in penal servitude.

There followed the conviction of Edgell and Richardson, who were sentenced to five years' penal servitude. Four constables were put upon their trial for manufacturing evidence of conspiracy was insufficient. They were acting under the orders of Supt. Harkes, who had passed beyond human jurisdiction.

There can be little doubt that at the time Harkes honestly believed that the men were guilty, and that young constables under him tried to win his favor by "producing" evidence to cover the weak spots.

See the Point.

He had been elected member for his native county and had come up to Ottawa to take his seat in the House. He was a modest, retiring individual, and felt quite overawed as he stood diffidently in the lobby among a throng of the ordinary members.

"Well, Mr.——," said one of the legislators near him, "and what are your impressions of the House?"

"To tell you the truth," replied the new member in some confusion, "I wonder how I got here!"

A week after he made a speech which astonished them, and the same member button-holed him again after the debate. "What are your impressions of the House now?" was the question. "Getting to know us, eh?"

"Yes," quietly replied Mr.——, "and now I wonder how you all got here!"

Where She Sets Ideas.

Miss Phyllis Austin, English novelist, says that her best ideas for stories come to her in the bath.

Baseball ! !

Agents for Reach's famous baseball goods.

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THOSE who employ us have the assurance that they will receive the highest degree of service and satisfaction. We are equipped to handle a commission in a thorough manner. Our services are dependable and polite.

MASTERS & TIERNEY
UNDERTAKERS
FULL MOTOR EQUIPMENT
LADY ASSISTANT

CLAIMS SMOKING DOES NOT HARM HEART.

Ottawa, June 20.—A British physician told the Canadian Medical Association yesterday that the "athletic heart" is a myth and that smoking is not injurious to the heart.

MUSIC OVER TELEPHONE.

Munich, June 20.—Telephone subscribers of Munich will be able to hear opera performances of the Munich National theatre in their homes as a result of an invention by the federal ministry of posts, telegraphs and telephones. The invention consists of a new transmission device, which can be attached to a regular telephone receiver at small cost.

The initial experiment was made with several hundred microphones distributed over the stage and in the orchestra pit of the National theatre. It was pronounced an unqualified success. The transmission device is so adjusted that contact with the opera is broken when an outside party calls a listening subscriber.

See the National Range Cooking Demonstration at Vine's Electric Shop, Market Square, June 30th to July 5th, to which the public is cordially invited to attend.

Since there will be a complete equipment in the Varty Lake Boys' Camp for 125 boys, it has been thought that a girls' camp could be carried on to great advantage immediately thereafter, beginning July 17th. The same outfit could be used for another week. The management committee of the Boys' Camp desires to call a meeting of all Presidents of Girls' Religious Organizations of all churches, and teachers and presidents of all Girls' Sunday School Classes, or their representative, or other ladies, who may be interested in such a movement in the town and county, at the council chamber, Napanee, on Friday, June 27th, at 2.30, to consider the advisability of undertaking such a camp.

A. MacGREGOR.

Bring your own can and try DAVY & ALLISON'S special Fly Oil at 75c. per gallon, will not burn or blister.

WONDERLAND

WEDNESDAY and THURSDAY

John Gilbert, the Fox star, plays the part of an artist who becomes fascinated by an Apache dancing girl, in his latest production, "A MAN'S MATE." Doesn't the title just bristle with thrills and romance and love possibilities ?

Also a good comedy.

FRIDAY and SATURDAY

Dorothy Mackaill plays her second role opposite Barthlemess in "TWENTY-ONE," and again takes a long step forward in her rapid development as a motion picture actress. Ivan Simpson is another newcomer to the ranks of motion picture players who is said to give a strikingly good performance as Joe, King, Dorothy Cumming, Nellie Parker Spaulding, Bradley Parker and Elsie Lawson and a large cast of happy and society belles play in supporot of Mr. Barthelmess.

Also a 2-reel comedy.

MONDAY and TUESDAY

Metro presents Jackie Coogan in his greatest triumph, "LONG LIVE TH EKING," from the story by Mary Roberts Rinehart. Pathos, comedy and tense drama cleverly woven into a wonderfully entertaining motion picture presenting the boy that is loved by millions in his most amazing characterization. No star, old or young, has ever been seen in a finer picture. Jackie outdoes himself in this, the most charming story ever to reach the screen.

After the celebration Tuesday, July 1st, be sure to see this special show.

Admission 10 and 20 cents.

Black's 5-piece Orchestra every Wednesday night.

GEO. TUSTIN, Prop.

B. & H. English White Paint for inside use covers so much more space and gives so much better finish that it pays to use it. One coat is equal to two of the ordinary brands. For sale at WALLACE'S.

"O Lord, how manifold are Thy works," Ps. 104-24 ; "Thine eyes shall see the King in His beauty," Isa. 33-17 ; "The things which are seen are temporal, but the things which are not seen are eternal," 2 Cor. 4-18 ; "All things whatsoever ye would that men should do to you, do ye even so to them," Mat. 7-12 ; "Inasmuch as ye have done it unto the least of these My brethren, ye have done it unto me," Mat. 25-40 ; "Know ye not that ye are the temple of God, and that the spirit of God dwelleth in you?" 1 Cor. 3-16.

Be you to others kind and true ;
As you'd have others be to you ;
And neither do nor say to them,
Whate'er you would not take again.

A BIBLE LOVER.

Sills' Motors.

Service on all cars. Work guaranteed. We are installing new work shop equipment for time and labor saving, giving better satisfaction to our customers. Genuine Ford parts. Formerly Lennox Garage.

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Clerk 1st Division Court

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OVER HENRY'S BOOKSTORE.

Dr. Ralph Aylesworth

Eye Specialist, of Trenton

Will be at Wallace's Drug Store EACH SATURDAY,

Make your appointments early.

Hours : 9 a.m. till 5 p.m.

Write, 'phone or call.

SPECIAL NOTICE

Through a misunderstanding with the National Electric Heating Co., of Toronto, we wish to notify the public that the demonstration will take place at my shop from June 30th to July 5th, instead of date formerly announced.

Sole agent for the C. G. E. Electric Motors and equipment, also Shinn Flat Lightning Rods, the best on the market. Caron Farm grills, hot plates, irons, curling tongles, Thor washing machines, Vacuum cleaners, and everything in the electric line, including lamps, shades, fixtures, etc.

House wiring a specialty.

When in need of the use of a Vacuum Cleaner, call or ring 367 for service.

VINE'S ELECTRIC SHOP

MARKET SQUARE

Famed for Blunders

Many eminent men write their record upon the pages of history, but few of them are able to contribute to those pages a single new word; indeed, to introduce a new word to the language and gain general acceptance for it is a feat that occurs not often in a single generation, and still less rarely does one's own name become the word, as for example, boycott, macintosh, mansard, etc. It was through no wish of his own that Capt. Boycott provided the word that is firmly established in the dictionaries, and we are sure that Dr. Spooner of Oxford did not deliberately invent those verbal confusions which have identified his respectable name with the word "Spoonerism" which we may shortly expect to spell without the capital letter. The word is already in the dictionaries, and is titfus defined by the Oxford as "An accidental transposition of the initial sounds, or other parts of two or more words; in colloquial use from about 1885."

Recently it was announced that Rev. Dr. William Archibald Spooner, warden of New College, Oxford, would resign his position on the first of next July, on which date he will reach his eightieth birthday. His career at Oxford has been unusually distinguished, and it has been said that in the years before he had succeeded in making New College what Balliol had been made by Jowett in his time. To the outside world, however, Dr. Spooner is regarded as a rather comical, blundering gentleman whom with perfect innocence said some extremely ridiculous things. He is not known as the erudite biographer of Bishop Butler nor as the editor of Tacitus. He is merely an absent-minded don incapable of making the slightest speech without some preposterous blunder. He is commonly credited with having announced in a sonorous voice that the congregation would next join in singing "Kinkering Kongs Their Titles Take" when he meant to say "Conquering Kings, Their Titles Take." But this error is properly to be ascribed to Dr. Boyd Carpenter, former Bishop of Ripon.

We do not guarantee that the specimens of spoonerism we are about to mention were actually uttered by Dr. Spooner, but they are essentially spoonerisms. He is credited with having announced a crushing blow in the words; "I have received a blushing crow," and on another occasion his lapse was made more ridiculous by the sympathetic language he desired to use, for he said, "Who of us has not, at one time or another, cherished a half-warmed fish in his bosom?" Those who know him had no difficulty in understanding that he meant to say a half-formed wish. Not so obvious was his remark, "All after the heat and turmoil of the fight is over, what more delightful than to sit down in some cool pot of grease?" What indeed, unless it might be to sit down in some cool grot of peace? One of his most famous lapses was at a meeting of the Wheeling Club, when he was dilating upon the charms of the broad highway, and said, "For real enjoyment, give me a well-bolted bicycle." While some of his hearers tried to conjure up a vision of a well-bolted icicle, others perceived that what Dr. Spooner meant to praise was a well-oiled bicycle.

Another spoonerism which the author must have found it difficult to live down, the sort of slip that a long life's repentance might fail to erase has been credited to the Warden of New College when he was a young man, and a very timid one who was called upon to address a Mothers' Meeting. He had carefully pondered his subject matter, and intended to pitch his address on a motherly key. He meant to speak figuratively of the multifarious weariness that sat before him on the schoolroom benches, and to begin with the arresting words, "O, weary benches," but some imp insisted that what he really did say was, "O, beery wenches," and if the address was inflicted on any more than this opening insult there is no record of it. This is a spoonerism that the reverend gentleman ought to be grateful to deny, but it will be in vain for him to protest that he did not once remonstrate with a student who had wasted a whole term in the words, "My Mr. Blank, you have tasted a whole worm."

Not so well known as the "O beery wenches" apostrophe, but hardly less shocking was the slip of the tongue of the clergyman who was introducing a new bishop to his congregation, and in the course of his encomium of some highly laudatory remarks said, "I feel quite sure, brothers and sisters, that he will be a shoving leopard to the flock." Later he explained that what he meant to say was a "loving shepherd." Another spoonerism, and one so perfect that one cannot doubt that it was spontaneously uttered, was the remark of somebody, perhaps Dr. Spooner, who had been listening to a discussion concerning the high cost of living and the best places to make purchases. Speaking for himself, he said that he had solved the problem of his fixed income attempting to meet constantly rising prices, "I steal at the doors," he confessed. He explained that he meant to say that he dealt at the stores, and when one says the "stores" in England he is known to mean those great establishments which are conducted on a membership or co-operative basis.

"Pig Iron."

Pig iron is so called because the molten metal is run into a long mass with shorter pieces attached to it at right angles. The long pieces are called the sow, and the shorter are called the pigs.

Elevators Not to Be Taxed.

Approval of the ratepayers of Vancouver for the exemption of grain elevators from taxation will be asked for through a plebiscite to be presented when money by-laws are voted on in April, according to a proposal brought forward by Mayor W. R. Owen. To encourage the establishment of grain elevators in Vancouver, the mayor points out that they must be placed on the same basis as Government elevators as regards taxation. It would hardly be fair, he maintains, to ask them to compete with tax-free Government concerns.

LATE SIR RICHARD MUIR

WAS COUNSEL WHO SEALED CRIPPEN'S DOOM.

Carried Collection of Colored Pencils—Used Bligo and Red Ink Pens —Master of the Art of Concealing His Hand—Death of Great English Counsel.

It was when Sir Richard Muir began to marshal the evidence against him that Dr. Crippen felt he was doomed.

Never, perhaps, in the history of the Old Bailey has there been a trial more dramatic in incident, never one more intensely followed by the whole world.

Behind it all an impassionate figure of justice incarnate, was Sir Richard in those months of 1910. Remorselessly, deadly in accuracy, the great counsel's cross-examination of the little medical man after one of the most brutal poisoning cases of a wife in criminal history, reconstructed, piece by piece, the scattered puzzle blocks of evidence, that inevitably brought the prisoner's doom nearer minute by minute.

And now the great counsel will be heard no more. Death called him suddenly from influenza and double pneumonia in his 67th year.

Yet, so long as the art of cross-examination is studied, the fame of this formidable counsel will not fade. He studiously eschewed "fireworks," preferring to rely on the deadly logic of facts, which he was wont to marshal in a masterly way.

To prisoners and opposing counsel there was something hypnotic about Sir Richard's calm, deliberate methods.

These could not be better illustrated than the incident related by Lord Hewart, the Lord Chief Justice, at the Old Bailey Bar mess dinner in 1922.

Lord Hewart recalled that in one of the first cases in which he was engaged at Liverpool Assizes he heard with fear and trembling that Richard Muir was against him. He had heard of Muir as a sound and careful lawyer, with a great reputation, and he watched, as if fascinated, his opponent's preparations when the case was reached. He saw Sir Richard produce a large bundle rolled up in an indiarubber band.

Those were his carefully-made notes. He then put down side by side a red pencil, a blue pencil, a green pencil, a pencil with green one end and red the other, a blue ink pen, a red ink pen, a blotting pad. Notes and copy-letters were scored underneath in blue, or red, or green, and Muir afterwards confessed to him, when questioned on the subject, that "red" at least meant danger. He admired Muir's conduct of the case immensely, and they had been friends ever since.

In appearance Sir Richard was short and thick-set. He looked more like a successful country squire than a prominent criminal barrister. He had a kindly blue eye, which one does not usually associate with a public prosecutor.

However, on occasion, he could be severe. His remorseless cross-examination of Crippen, which lasted three hours and 10 minutes, will stand out as one of the most famous performances in the history of the criminal bar.

Despite the vigor and thoroughness of his methods, it could never be said that Sir Richard fought for convictions. He was a kindly man, deeply loyally fair. Long years as a crown prosecutor had perhaps given him a cold, unflinching manner, and he certainly had on occasion assumed a keen and penetrating glance; but he was a man who concealed beneath the surface much sensibility and kindness. In his work he never forgot that the prosecuting counsel exercised the functions of a minister of justice.

Sir Richard David Muir, who was born at Greenock, Scotland, climbed to his high position from quite humble beginnings. His father was a shoemaker. Previous to his migration to London he was employed in the office of a Newfoundland merchant. Arrived in London, he studied at King's College, and after a brilliant career at the law he looked—as many others have done—to journalism for a livelihood. The Times engaged him on its reporting staff, where he acquired so complete a mastery of shorthand as to earn for himself the name of the "writing woman." He was called to the Bar at Middle Temple in 1884.

He also appeared in many other famous trials, including the following: Sidney Morrison, Smith (Brides in the Bath), Seddon (poisoning case), Ronald True, who was convicted of murder on the Underground, the Bridgeman-Maybrick murder trial. Recent cases in which he was engaged at the Old Bailey included the Lord Alfred Douglas libel trial.

Marriages Are Legal.

Gretna Green marriages performed according to the old custom are legal. This ruling has just been handed down by the Court of Sessions in Edinburgh. A pair named Grandi, whom the famous blacksmith of Gretna, Richard Niggett, joined in 1921, applied to the court, having become anxious to know whether they were really man and wife. The ceremony was conducted, said he asked the couple whether they had lived in the country for 21 days and on their both replied in the affirmative. Then he had them join hands and asked them successively whether they accepted each other. When they gave the required answers he declared them duly married. The court was satisfied, declared the marriage lawful, made an order to have it registered, and the couple left, smiling and happy.

Historical Item.

"Noah's ark was made of wood, but Joan of Arc was a maid of arms," wrote a youngster in answer to an examination question.

Pinero's Plays.

It is somewhat odd that Sir Arthur Pinero whose plays are so well known for their vitality, should choose the names of dead characters from among the dead. When Pinero is about to write a new play he makes a tour of the churchyards to be found in the neighborhood where he happens to be staying at the time. Here, on the tombstones he finds the names of his heroes, and heroines. It was in an ancient churchyard in the north of Devon that the name "Tanqueray" met his eye, and forth with "The Second Mrs. Tanqueray" became the title of one of most famous characters.

SUCCESS in baking is assured when you use MAGIC BAKING POWDER

It contains no alum and leaves no bitter taste

KNIGHT KILLS HIMSELF

SIR JOHN STEWART SWINDLED BY BOOTLEGGERS.

Was a Man With Expensive Tastes—Paid £80,000 for Baronetcy, and Bought Fingask Castle—Hired an Army of Workmen to Build Roads Across His Estate.

Sir John Stewart, head of one of the most famous whiskey houses in Scotland, killed himself because of the loss of enormous sums in the American bootlegging trade, says an article written for the London Express.

All alone in his castle in Perthshire, Sir John died, leaving debts of nearly £1,000,000.

In the Express article it is alleged Sir John paid £80,000 for the baronetcy conferred upon him in 1920. Three famous banks are creditors of his estate, it is said; he owed J. H. Schroder & Co. £79,000, the Clydesdale Bank £24,000 and the British Mutual Banking Company £40,000 according to the Express.

Regarding his bootlegging venture, the Express says: "The taint of easy money seems to have crept into his blood, and he embarked on the bootlegging of whiskey on a huge scale in the United States, rather than its legitimate sale here."

The article then says Sir John was associated with a bootlegging company, the name of which, although known, is not given—that has lost thousands of pounds the last eighteen months. "They landed their whiskey in the United States, but the bootleggers kept the money."

It is charged Sir John approached several banks for his last loan a few days before his death. All were suspicious and refused. The bank that finally favored him, the name of which is withheld out of consideration for its financial standing, advanced him considerably more than £50,000.

Regarding the allegation that he purchased his knighthood, the Express says it "understands the £80,000 played a large part in precipitating his ruin. Will his creditors take steps to recover it from the campaign fund into which it was paid? The knighting of Sir John 'for public services' caused a public outcry. It may be the basis for a legal case for which there is probably no precedent in English history."

At the time of his knighthood Lloyd George was Premier of the Coalition Government.

The Edinburgh courts granted the application of Sir John's widow for a judicial factor on the estate, which is said to be in the greatest confusion, and against which banks and whiskey merchants have filed claims amounting to almost £1,000,000.

Describing how Sir John got his last loan, the Express says:

"Sir John then turned to another bank. He arrived as usual with glowing references from other large concerns. He asked for a bill against the delivery of orders for whiskey, which he produced.

"The order took the form of a letter stating that the Ord possessed so many gallons of whiskey in bond in a certain warehouse, and that the owner would permit a bank to hold them in its favor.

"They were not, however, documentary evidence. They were exchangeable for whiskey when signed by the excise officer of the warehouse, acknowledging the transaction and granting legal power to the bank to recover the whiskey if desired. The manager granted the loan. The next week the warrants duly arrived. The bank hastened to investigate the security, and found that several thousands pounds worth of whiskey had already been removed. A few days after Sir John committed suicide.

"The trouble was he didn't stick to the whiskey business. He acquired large interests in steel, rubber, tea and other enterprises. He knew little about them than about distilling, and they dissipated both his fortune and his energies.

"Sir John's own extravagances were enough to beggar any man not a Croesus. His baronetcy was an expensive luxury. Fingask Castle, which he bought as soon as he was knighted, was another. He hired an army of workmen to build roads across his estate. He installed a huge power station and a giant garage. But he never lived in the castle—he never spent a single night in it.

"It must have been a sense of the fitness of things that led him to die there.

"At London, a fortnight's hotel bill never cost him less than £300. He spent hours being manicured, fortunes in clothes."

British Cabinet Mature.

In this age of youthful leadership, it is interesting to learn that the youngest member of the British Cabinet is Brig.-Gen. Thompson who is forty-eight years of age. The Prime Minister is fifty-seven. The oldest member of the Cabinet is Lord Parmoor—seventy-one. Lord Haldane comes next in seniority—sixty-seven. There are several in the early fifties.

Two Women in List.

The arrival of women in politics is definitely recognized in the honors list published on the eve of the resignation of the Baldwin Cabinet.

The title Dame Commander of the Empire—which for women corresponds to knighthood—was conferred to two women in the Unionist party. Mrs. Caroline Bridgeman, chairman of the women's organization of the Unionist party, and Mrs. Beatrix Lyall, one of the Central Unionist Council.

Founded by Charles II.

The London (England) Gazette recently celebrated its 258th birthday. Its first issues were known as the "Oxford Gazette," for Charles II., its founder, had been driven to the University city by the plague, but it took its present well-known name the following February, when the Court had returned to London.

Gift to Aberdeen.

A gift to Aberdeen, for the proposed Cowdray Hall and Art Museum, of £20,000 has been made by Lord and Lady Cowdray. Work has now been commenced on the scheme, which includes the extension of the gallery and the provision of a war memorial court costing in all about £60,000.

INNOCENT MAN IN PRISON.

Sir Basil Thomson Tells of One He Knew.

"In all my experience of prisons I have come across only one case of wrongful conviction, setting aside that of Louis Beck, who was never in my custody.

"It must be remembered that nearly every convict by his own accounts is innocent, but when one comes to examine his facts it usually transpires that he is only relatively innocent in that somebody else who was more guilty received a lighter sentence, that one of his associates got off altogether, or that the police took an unfair advantage of him.

"I remember one case of mistaken identity of a rather remarkable kind, and I relate it to show how rapidly the home office, even twenty years ago, righted a wrong.

"A few men in Dartmoor have entirely clean records—that is to say, they have never made an application or incurred a report for misconduct during the whole of their sentence. One day my attention was drawn to a letter written by a man we will call 'E. Smith' to his wife, in which the following passage occurred:

"'I've seen Jim in here. It will be better for him if he doesn't cross my path.'

"As this implied a threat which might result in a fight, I sent for the writer, and there rolled into my room a heavily-built dock laborer from London. I asked, 'Who is Jim?' and, giving his letter in my hand, the man replied, 'Oh, tear the letter up, sir. I don't want it to go.'

"That is not the point,' I said. 'Who is Jim?' And then, after much persuasion, he told his story. His offence had been making a murderous assault upon a dock policeman with an iron bar, and he added that he had never been there at all, but that Jim—whom we will call James White—was the man who had struck the blow during a burglary at the docks.

"White had not been arrested or tried, but the confession that he committed another offence and was now in Dartmoor. Smith said that his remark to his wife was not intended to be a threat, and that only if he met James White he would commit no assault upon him.

"I sent for 'Jim' and there entered my room the exact double of E. Smith. Not only might one easily mistake them in the feeble light of the lantern, but even in daylight. If the two were not together either might have been taken for the other.

"I said to White: 'Were you the man who used the iron bar on the dock policeman on such and such a date?' He looked surprised, and then, with a laugh, said: 'Not me, not you, sir! That's Eddie Smith.'

"'Never mind who's been down to me,' I said. 'What are the facts?'

"'Well, he is regret, should I be punished for that job if I tell you?'

"'I said: 'No; that is over and done with. You will only be righting a wrong.'

"'Well, then, I'll tell you. It was this way. Eddie Smith and his pals put up the job and left me out of it. It was what you might call a harmless job, just to get into the dock one night and prise open a safe. If a dock policeman looked in he wasn't to be touched—at least, not more than was necessary. During the afternoon Smith went sick, and his wife came round to ask whether I'd go in his place, as he didn't like the idea of disappointing his pals. So I went. By a bit of bad luck, just as I was using the crowbar on the safe, up comes the dock policeman interfering. Before I had time to think, I hit him. Seeing as how it was a crowbar I'd done it with, it put him to sleep. When he come to again he swore to Eddie as being the one who hit him.'

"'Smith is a friend of yours. Why didn't you come forward to save him?'

"He smiled broadly. 'Well, you see, sir, Eddie was guilty in a sense. If he hadn't gone on the sick list he would have been there instead of me, and, anyway, he would have done just the same as me if the boot had been on the other foot.'

"White signed a statement, and my report reached the Home Office the following morning. Before noon I received a telegram directing me to release Smith, and he left the prison with White. It was needless to ask Smith why he had not mentioned all these facts in a petition. It would have entailed giving away a pal, which, according to the felon's code of honor, is to touch the bottom of the pit of infamy."

A Poor Season.

A poor fishing season is reported from Newfoundland where the total catch of cod amounted to 114,000,000 pounds, estimated at a value of £6,500,000. This is a decline of 22,000,000 pounds from the preceding year's catch in Newfoundland. In addition to the decline in the cod catch, smaller quantities of other fish have been taken. The herring catch is approximately half that of the preceding February, when the Court had returned to London.

All Depends.

Old Lady—Can't you do something to stop those dogs fighting?

Urchin—Not until I see if me dog's goin' ter get licked.

McCormick's Jersey Cream Soda Biscuits

Creamy flavor Nourishing food

FOR SALE

BRICK HOUSE on Bridge Street West. All modern conveniences. In first-class condition.

Apply to T. B. GERMAN.

Moffat's Electric Range

Ask the Woman who uses one

Hydro Shop

ROYAL CANADIAN ACADEMY

Is the Clearing House for the Dominion.

Montreal and Toronto have their usual exhibitions of pictures, but the Royal Canadian Academy has its home in the Grange, Toronto, (so long the home of Prof. Goldwin Smith) and is the clearing house for the Dominion as a whole, and the honor of being hung there is therefore the greater. The opening brings the artists from far and near, and crowding the rooms at the Art Gallery are hundreds who have managed to make the study of pictures a holiday in hours stolen from other vocations.

It was in 1879 that the Royal Canadian Academy was organized, under the direct inspiration of the Marquis of Lorne, then Governor-General. There was up to then no Dominion art organization, but the Ontario Society of Artists had been in existence some years, and the Montreal Art Association was opened early in the year. The marquis, whose wife, a daughter of Queen Victoria, was considerable of an artist herself, became then president of the Ontario Society of Artists, setting forth his scheme. He proposed the exhibition of paintings, pictures by artists not previously exhibiting at any Dominion exhibition, architectural drawings, designs for manufactures, and all kinds of useful things for household purposes. It was intended to hold exhibitions at Ottawa, Halifax, St. John, Fredericton, Quebec, Montreal, Toronto and Winnipeg. In the working out of the plan displays have been limited to paintings and small pieces of sculpture, and the round of exhibition centres has been confined to Montreal, Ottawa and Toronto, partly on the ground of expense and partly because of the lack of suitable galleries elsewhere. The Academy is now supplemented by the National Gallery at Ottawa, a government institution collecting for the nation, with many high-class pictures. From this collection small exhibitions of pictures are sent to the more distant cities, and "life" classes are held in different cities, for the drawing of the human figure.

That the Academy is not as well known as it should be is perhaps due to the temperament of the artist, which abhors vulgar noise but welcomes appreciation. The walls of the Art Gallery will carry their own message to those who have eyes to see.

Some Pet Phrases.

Public speakers are prone to mannerisms of speech as well as of gesture. The Hon. David Mills, noted as a political philosopher and student of the Constitution, was fond of the phrase, "Now it is perfectly obvious." The French-Canadian members are quick to seize upon these peculiarities and make them a source of innocent merriment. A visitor to a room frequented by French-Canadians heard one of them talking in French and interpreting the English words "Now it is perfectly obvious" for the amusement of the company.

Sir Daniel Wilson, once president of the University of Toronto, was known among the students as "Old Hence Accordingly," from his frequent use of this phrase. The "old" is should be said, expressed affection, and not disrespect. When he uttered these words in the course of a speech on university occasions, a roar of applause would follow. The innocent visitor might imagine that the applause was for the sentiment. But Sir Daniel was a wise old gentleman, and probably understood.

Blackleg in cattle can be prevented! Once the disease sets in, it is absolutely incurable. The thing to do is to vaccinate your herd before any symptoms appear. Insist on Parke Davis & Co. fresh vaccine in sealed tubes of ten pellets, $1.00 tube of WALLACE'S.

NOTICE!

Protect yourself against the late spring by securing your

—Buckwheat,
—Millet,
—Silo Corns,
—Rape,
—Vetches, Etc.

Flour and Feed

of all kinds

Also Frost Wire Fencing and Gates.

Fred A. Perry,

NAPANEE

Opposite Campbell House

The Gloony Princess.

They talk, especially in England, of Dora Inge, of St. Paul's, as the "Gloomy Dean," but now it seems that Princess Karadja, of Sweden, is qualifying for feminine honors in the world of gloom. She suggests, in her most recent predictions, that the world is growing old, and that we may look forward to the following pretty little list of happenings:

Volcanic action will submerge one-third of the present earth.

In the final catastrophe, part of the American continent will be saved. (The tops of sky-scrapers, with all those who seek sanctuary thereon.)

A tidal wave will rush up the English channel, destroying Holland and parts of Germany.

Her one ray of hope is that, when other portions of the globe become uninhabitable, the frozen north will open to give us an icy welcome. We should all have hot water bottles ready, to take with us.

One of the New Peers.

Sydney Arnold, one of the new peers created by the late cabinet of Mr. Ramsay MacDonald, holds the post of Under-Secretary of State in the new Labor Ministry. He has only been a member of the House since 1922, having formerly represented, in the Liberal interest, the Holmirkin Division of the West Riding of Yorkshire, the cabinet of Penitoes Division, from 1912 to 1921. He contested the Holderness Division in 1910, but was defeated.

Mr. Arnold has acted as private secretary to Premier Ramsay MacDonald, and has served as parliamentary private secretary to the President of the Board of Trade and as secretary to the Financial Secretary to the Treasury.

He was born on January 13, 1878, the son of W. A. Arnold, of Manchester.

Is Old American Industry.

The indigo industry is one of the oldest of the early chemical industries in the southern states. It is mentioned in Louisana as early as 1720.

The demand for delicious Laura Secord Candy grows week by week. The many imitations on the market of this delicious confection serve but to stimulate the desire for this justly famous candy. A fresh shipment arrives each week at WALLACE'S, 60c. the pound.

The Outsider

By FLORENCE WARDEN

Author of "The House on the Marsh," "Something in the City," "No. 3, The Square," "The Lovely Mrs. Pemberton," "Our Widow," Etc.

Rather surprised at this new ceremoniousness on Dick's part, Lorimer left the servant knocking at Miss Birdi's door and went downstairs.

Dick, who was in evening dress and a new overcoat, was slightly indistinct of utterance, and held in one hand a small florist's box, nodded at him with great good humor.

"Hallo!" said Lorimer. "What news? You weren't at the office today, and the chief began asking—"

"Let him ask!" retorted Dick, easily. "I want you to come and dine with me at the Savoy—and Miss Bird too."

"Why, of course she won't," said Lorimer. "Nor I either. The very day after your uncle's death too! It's not descent."

"Don't care," said Dick. "I've got the remains of twenty-pounds to spend, and I mean to enjoy myself while it lasts, whoever lives or whoever dies!"

"Your uncle left you a legacy, then?"

"Not he! A friend of his was mad enough to lend me this, and I've got a thousand a year—for a week!"

"Come, come, give up this notion of the dinner. Miss Bird won't go, of course. And neither shall I!"

"She'll come, and you'll come," said Dick, obstinately. "If she won't, mind, I'll let you off. There she is, bless the pink dress of her!"

And as at that moment Miss Bird did indeed appear at the top of the last flight of stairs, looking in her rather timidly into the hall below her, Dick turned away from his friend and made her a flourishing bow.

"Madem'selle, I want you to do me the honor to dine with me, and Seeley here, at the Savoy to-night."

The girl, who had by this time come slowly down until she was only a few steps above them, started a little, and a slight flush came into her cheeks, which Dick noted, Lorimer thought, whiter than ever.

"Oh!" said she, in a low voice, full of surprise and a sort of consternation which was not all. Lorimer thought, of indignation. There was a moment's pause, and then she added hurriedly, "No, no. Not the Savoy. It's too much a place!"

"Well, then somewhere else, wherever you like. You must come."

She looked at Lorimer, in consternation himself, stared at her anxiously. Then she looked up.

"The Criterion, then. I'll go there if you like."

"The Criterion be it. And here, Madems'elle, are a few flowers for you, which I hope you'll do me the honor to wear."

"Thank you," said she. Then, with a little laugh, she added quickly, "I shall be glad of them to smarten me up. When shall I be ready?"

"Quick as you can, please. "I'll go upstairs and wait in Seeley's room while he dresses."

She had turned on the stairs with a swift and almost eager grace that fascinated Lorimer. Then she looked down again.

"I shan't be well dressed enough for you," she said shyly.

"Beauty like yours, Madem'selle —" began Dick, with a bow.

But she put him short by running upstairs with a light laugh.

Lorimer said little to his friend while he hastily put on his evening clothes, but listened while Dick rambled on about vague possibilities of things "taking a turn," as he expressed it, and of "the high old time" he meant to have if they did. Lorimer saw that he was not in the mood to be argued with, but he looked upon himself as in a reconnoitre, and heartily wished that Dick had not be such a fool as to squander the few pounds he had somehow or other managed to raise. The notion of Miss Bird had promised to come to the dinner, he had accepted the invitation for himself. He was interested, puzzled by the strange young creature, who was so cold, so prim, and yet so ready to accept attentions which he would have preferred to see her look askance upon.

Lorimer had little to his friend while he hastily put on his evening clothes, but listened while Dick rambled on about vague possibilities of things "taking a turn," as he expressed it, and of "the high old time" he meant to have if they did. Lorimer saw that he was not in the mood to be argued with, but he looked upon himself as in a reconnoitre, and heartily wished that Dick had not be such a fool as to squander the few pounds he had somehow or other managed to raise. The notion of Miss Bird had promised to come to the dinner, he had accepted the invitation for himself. He was interested, puzzled by the strange young creature, who was so cold, so prim, and yet so ready to accept attentions which he would have preferred to see her look askance upon.

When they heard her door open, they left her time to reach the stairs before they followed and joined her. Lorimer noticed, with a strange feeling of pity, surprise and something indescribable be sides, that the black silk dress she wore was the same that he had seen her in on the stage of the music-hall, bereft of its ribbons and very shabby. Shabby also was the little black silk cloak and lace, and even the tiny black toque had obviously gone through various processes of freshening.

But the girl was so pretty, her slight figure was so graceful, that she carried off her well-worn clothes better than many a handsomely-dressed woman does her brilliants, fumes and confections brand-new from a Bond Street modiste's.

There was a light of excitement in her enigmatic grey eyes, and although she was even quieter of manner than usual, it was easy to see that she was pleased with the invitation. They got into a four-wheeler, by the suggestion of Lorimer, after much grumbling on the part of Dick, who would have preferred to take a hansom, should go three in a hansom. They dined in one of the public rooms, and Miss Bird, when she had thrown off her cape, looked beautiful in the subdued light of the shaded lamps, the spray of delicate orchids which Dick had given her just the necessary relief to her sombre dress, the shabbiness of which passed unnoticed by artificial light.

She spoke very little, and Lorimer was equally silent. But Dick, already excited by champagne before dinner began, chattered and laughed with such goodwill that there was little need of exertion on the part of the others to keep up the conversation.

"Seeley said you wouldn't come," was one of the infelicitous remarks made by the giver of the feast. Miss Bird laughed a little.

"I think it was very kind of you to ask me," said she, demurely.

"It was very good of you to come," retorted Dick. "And now you've come once you'll come again, won't you?"

She hesitated.

WRIGLEY'S
after every meal
Cleanses mouth and teeth and aids digestion.
Relieves that over-eaten feeling and acid mouth.
Its l-a-s-t-i-n-g flavor satisfies the craving for sweets.
Wrigley's is double value in the benefit and pleasure it provides.
Sealed in its Purity Package.
WRIGLEY'S MINTS SUGAR COATED GUM
R23
The flavor lasts

"I don't know about that," she said at last. "I think I shall try to get an engagement abroad. There is an opening in South Africa, I've heard."

"No, no, you mustn't leave us," cried Dick, boisterously. "We can't spare you over here."

She smiled drily.

"A little too well, I'm afraid," said she. "Engagements are difficult to get. Nobody's excited about mando-lin-playing. One's only chance is to join a troupe, and one has to wait for an opening for that."

"Ah! Where are you playing now?"

She hesitated again, and again a slight flush came into her pale face.

"Nowhere this week—or last," said she.

Lorimer glanced at her, and looked away. A horrible suspicion had come into his mind. At the same moment Dick was diverted from his companions by the sight of a man who had just come in, and who was looking round the room.

"Hallo, doctor!" cried he, as he sprang up and beckoned to the newcomer.

"Ah! There you are!" cried Dr. Folgate, as he rushed across the room and with great effusiveness seized Dick by the hand. "I've followed you here to your rooms, on purpose to speak to you, to tell you something."

As he spoke, his restless eyes wandered rapidly from face to face, and face of the handsome Lorimer, and of the pale, beautiful girl, on whom his gaze rested lingeringly.

"Let me introduce you, Dr. Folgate—Lorimer Seeley, my chum. Dr. Folgate—er—my sister."

Miss Bird looked up, bowed without a word, but with a faint half smile, and without contradicting him. The doctor bowed, said a few words, apologizing for this interruption, and then turned to Dick.

"It's a shame to disturb you. But can I have half a dozen words—"

Dick answered, and excused himself, and, with an apology to Miss Bird and a nod to Seeley, walked away to the other end of the room with the doctor, who thrust a supporting arm within his.

Lorimer looking, as he felt, unutterably pained and shocked, glanced across at the girl, whose face was like marble.

"You—you shouldn't have come," said he at last, in a low voice, hoarsely.

She uttered a little laugh, a sort of caricature of what a laugh should be. Lorimer leaned forward and looked searchingly into her face. The blood rushed to her cheeks and forehead, and she clasped her hands tightly together and returned his look.

"Think the worse of me if you like," whispered she, fiercely. "I have had no dinner for four days!"

Lorimer drew a sharp breath through his nostrils. The room seemed to spin round him.

CHAPTER V.

Carrie laughed faintly.

"You look as if you'd seen a ghost," said she.

"I have seen a ghost," he answered in a low voice.

She was silent. She saw in his eyes what he meant, the vision of days which he saw, in imagination, the phantom of destitution hovering behind her.

"It's awful," said he.

Carrie shrugged her shoulders slightly.

"Now, you understand better," she said, simply. "You see, you don't know how it is. There are so many of us struggling and fighting for existence, there are in the lower ranks, of course, if you have a great talent for anything, or even if you have a little talent and a great deal of daring, it's all right. You can get a large enough salary out of one engagement to keep you going for a time when you're out. But I haven't much talent, and nobody cares for the mandolin, and you don't know how hard it is. And, remember, you and Mr. Desborough have been nice to me already. I shouldn't have liked to say 'No' in any case, when he asked me to come this evening."

"Do you like him?" asked Lorimer, brusquely.

"I don't see how I can help it," said Miss Bird, evasively.

"I mean—would you marry him?"

A little look of surprise appeared in the girl's blue eyes.

"No," said she quietly.

And then they both looked down upon the white cloth and were silent till Dick came in again.

He was alone and a great change had come over him. Instead of the air of rollicking gaiety with which he had strolled out of the room with the doctor, his face new wore an earnest and stolid expression, which showed that the interview he had just gone through was one of deep import. Both Carrie and Lorimer watched him curiously as he came up and fell heavily into his chair, and they left it to him to speak first.

"I've just heard some news," he said at last, abruptly.

"Good news, I hope?" said Carrie.

He looked up at her and nodded with a sudden gleam in his eyes.

"I believe so," said he, and turning to Lorimer, he added, "He came to tell me that my uncle's money comes to me, and that it's probably something like a hundred and twenty or hundred and thirty thousand pounds."

Lorimer stared.

"How does he know?" asked he, while Carrie uttered a sort of gasp.

"He's seen my uncle's lawyers. It seems the poor uncle altered that I was his only living relation."

"And he's left you all his money?"

Dick shook his head slowly.

"No. There's a snag in it. I don't suppose he would have left me a shilling of his own free will. In the will he made a month or two ago I wasn't even mentioned; but he tore it up in a passion on the very day he died, and—I'm the next-of-kin. I'm a rich man. Of course I shall receive the money yet, but I can borrow on the strength of it, and—I mean to."

Neither of his auditors could quite believe him: it was too sudden, too marvellous a thing altogether that a struggling artist, after a modest little dinner had been a festival, a magnificent banquet, should suddenly have been transformed into a golden creature for whom existence had no more cares, and who could fare sumptuously every day!

But the very notion, fantastic as it seemed, had for the two penniless listeners to the wondrous tale. So when Dick had made his statement, and paused for their comments, neither of the auditors made any, but they both sat watching him intently, waiting for him to go on.

"And you're not going to congratulate me?" he asked.

Carrie laughed a little.

"It's a little hard to believe in it," she said slowly. "I shall try to get an engagement abroad. There is an opening in South Africa, I've heard."

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Carrie laughed a little.

"It's a little hard to believe in it," she said slowly. "I'm afraid I'm not quite realizing it yourself."

"You're right," said Dick, gravely. "Although I had an inkling of this yesterday, I had not got used to the reality yet. But I could have hugged the doctor for bringing me the news, the certainty."

"What do you mean?"

"Only that I shouldn't trust that man—in anything."

"Why not?"

"I don't like the look of him."

Dick laughed boisterously.

"Neither did I at first. He wasn't too civil to me. But he's made up for it since, and I'm ready to forgive him anything now."

There was dead silence again. Then Lorimer, feeling that he ought to say something, asked—

"You'll leave the office, I suppose?"

"Rather. And so, old chap, will you."

It was Lorimer's turn to laugh.

"Not I," said he. "Our ways will lie very far apart for the future, Dick."

Desborough stretched out a hand towards his friend's knee, but he didn't do so, at Carrie on the other side of him.

"No," said he, resolutely, "you're as much right to the money both of you as I have; and that is—none at all. It's just a windfall, a stroke of luck. There's enough for all of us: Flotsam, Jetsam, and Lorimer; "Jetsam," and he smiled at Carrie; "and Wilsam," and he slapped himself on the chest. "It's fallen to Dick-and-wilfs, and we'll share it together."

But Carrie and Lorimer only laughed at him, laughed gently, gratefully, but with decision.

"It's very nice of you," said Carrie, "but it's the sort of thing that isn't done in this work-a-day world."

Dick turned to his fellow clerk with fire.

"And don't we always say that if a bit of luck fell to one or the other, we'd go shares in it, you and I?"

"Not that I remember," said Lorimer, promptly. "I had said such a thing, I can tell you it wouldn't have been seriously, as you would have found to your cost, if the fortune had fallen to me."

"And you'd have been quite right," agreed Dick, placidly. "For if it had come to you, you'd have spent it in an orderly, well-regulated way, and would have promptly set up a wife and a decorous middle-class establishment in Clapham Common. Whereas I mean to do nothing of the kind, but to revel in glorious, wanton waste." And he rubbed his hands in a sort of subdued glee, as even he found it hard to realize his good fortune, and to raise himself to its level. "So if you don't want to see it all wasted, you'll take your share, and sister Carrie will take hers."

He looked at the girl, who returned his gaze with an expression of mingled incredulity and stupefaction.

"How absurd!" she lisped out at last, very softly. "As if I should! As if I could! But it's pretty of you, nice of you, all the same."

And as the consciousness broke more and more clearly upon her that the young man really was in earnest, the faint tinge of pink in her cheeks gradually became a vivid red blush, and her sudden fire darted out of her blue eyes. She turned away quickly, and a tear rolled down her cheek.

"I am in earnest, though; never was more in earnest in my life," said Dick, quickly. "Look here, Carrie, it isn't it, that we're all three of us alone in the world, without a single creature to care a hang for us? That's true, isn't it?" She answered except by statuesque silence. "Well, then, why shouldn't we make ourselves into a family, and enjoy life together?"

"Preposterous!" cried Lorimer, shortly. "I wonder you have the cheek to suggest such a thing, Desborough!"

"Is it cheek? I don't think so," retorted Dick, sturdily. "If Carrie will have me for a brother, we'll all go abroad together, and she'll speak French for us, and we'll take care of her, and we'll get something out of life after all. What do you say, Carrie, eh?"

The girl seemed dazed. She tried to laugh, but her face quivered, and she had to check the attempt with great suddenness.

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Years of Constipation Ended By "Fruit-a-tives"
The Wonderful Fruit Medicine
Anyone who suffers with miserable health; who is tortured with Headaches; and who is unable to get any real pleasure out of life; will be interested in this letter of Mrs. Martha de Wolfe of East Ship Harbor, N.S.
Mrs. de Wolfe says, "For years I was a dreadful sufferer from Constipation and Headaches and I was miserable in every way. Nothing in the line of medicine seemed to help me. Then I tried "Fruit-a-tives" and the effect was splendid and after taking only one box, I was completely relieved and now feel like a new person!"
50c. a box, 6 for $2.50, trial size 25c. At dealers or from Fruit-a-tives Limited, Ottawa, Ont.

"Of course it's absurd," she said, huskily. "But—but I think it's—it's beautiful of you to think of such a thing, and I shall remember it—as long as I live. I must go—I—I must go home now. Mrs. Perry thinks better of me for being in early. I've enjoyed myself so much, so much."

They were all on their feet now, the young men having followed the girl's lead.

"I'll let me see you home in a hansom?" said Dick, as he tried to draw her hand through his arm.

But with the natural, most dogterous movement, without primness or affectation, but yet with decision, Carrie avoided this, and shook hands with him instead.

"No, I shall go by omnibus. I can get one at the corner outside."

"Yes," said Lorimer, eagerly, in great relief at this turn she had given to the whole preposterous matter. "And I'll see you into it, and then, Desborough," he turned to his friend, "I'll come back and join you at the entrance downstairs."

So Lorimer and Carrie went out together into the crowded street and the noise and the flashing lights, and when they had crossed the road, and the girl, looking at a green omnibus with a big "4" on it, paused, Lorimer turned to her abruptly, and said,—

"Shall we walk?"

The girl hesitated.

"Mr. Desborough is waiting for you, isn't he?"

"Never mind, he'll forgive me. He'll guess that I mean to see you home."

Without a word the girl consented to this arrangement, simply by beginning to walk homewards. Her face was very grave, and Lorimer looked down at her two or three times, as he walked beside her, before he ventured to speak on the serious matter which filled his mind.

"Would you marry him—now?" Carrie shivered.

"That is the sort of question you have no right to ask."

"I know I haven't. But tell me, tell me!"

"Well, I am glad I'm not likely to be tempted," said the girl, bitterly. "And I can just tell you this: I'd rather adopt the wild suggestion he made, when he wanted us to become one family."

"Do you mean that? Do you think it would be possible?"

"I don't know. Everything seems more possible than the sort of thing I shall have to face as it is. I don't think you quite understand that. The girls you know will get married, and haven't they, and some sort of a home or shelter to go to at a pinch?" Lorimer bowed his head without speaking. "Well, that's a difference that makes. For girls in their position to entertain such a notion as Mr. Desborough's would be unheard of. But for me it's different, and if it hadn't been for your face, your look, I should have given a different answer. Yes, he was much shocked, you like: if you had agreed to go, I should have said 'Yes' too. I don't say I could take care of myself with everyone; but I could have taken care of myself with you two."

There was something so startling in the whole speech, in the revelation of a candid girl's mind under conventional disguise, that it was some moments before he found anything to say.

"Then for your sake I wish I could have said 'Yes' too," said he at last.

Carrie laughed, if the sound that came from her lips could be called a laugh.

"Oh, of course it was impossible," she said, shortly.

And then she tried to talk of other things, of the strangeness of the circumstances which had put Desborough into possession of a fortune of the theatres, the weather. She had to do most of the talking herself, and the few words which Lorimer contributed as his share were seldom much to the point.

Then, when they got to the street where she lived, they both relapsed into silence. At the door she turned to say good-bye. And at the same time a key dropped from the fingers of her left hand. Lorimer picked it up for her.

"Thank you," said she. "I—I mustn't forget that I have to give it back to Mrs. Perry," she added, as if not quite knowing what to say, but wishing to say something.

"To Mrs. Perry?" echoed he, inquiringly.

"Yes. I'm going away to-morrow."

"Going away?"

"To other lodgings, that's all," replied she to his look of consternation.

He knew what that meant, and his heart smote him. As she turned to go in, he stopped her, making a gesture to signify that she was to go down the steps again, that he had something to say. She obeyed the gesture without a word, and they went up the street together.

"Will you marry me?" said he, suddenly, in a low voice.

He could see the thrill that passed through her, and when, after a moment's dead silence, she looked up at him, he saw by the light of the nearest lamp that her cheeks were wet. They had been perfectly dry when they stood at the door together.

"No," said she, tremulously. "I won't. But—oh, it has done me good that you should ask me. I—I feel as if I worshipped both of you for—for the way you've treated me. The world isn't so bad as they say, after all."

"Come, come, why won't you have me? We could manage: life wouldn't be so hard for you—"

"But what about you?"

"I'm not quite so poor as I seem. At least, I've got nearly three hundred pounds invested—quite a fortune. If you'd marry me—"

"No, no, I won't, I won't. Good night and good-bye."

Once more she held out her hand. He detained it.

"Tell me," said he, in a low voice. "Is it for the same reason that you wouldn't have Desborough?"

Although she said not one word, he was answered. For he felt that a tremor ran through her, and she snatched her hand convulsively away, and disappeared quickly into the house.

Next day Desborough was again absent from the office, and Lorimer got into a sort of disgrace by admitting that he had not expected to see him there. Early in the afternoon, however, Dick suddenly put in an appearance, burst in upon his late employers, looking in a condition of some alcoholic excitement, as usual since his good fortune, he not only succeeded in flabbily irritating both partners in the firm on his own account, but dragged Lorimer Seeley into the matter, with the result that, upon Seeley showing some disposition to stand up for his late fellow-clerk and to make excuses for him, he turned the wrath of the partners upon himself, and being threatened with immediate dismissal, took fire, and gave notice upon the spot.

Even then the matter might have been patched up, but for Dick, who, delighted at the new position of affairs, joined forces with his friend, and succeeded in getting them at the head of the firm a threat to have them both turned by force out of the office.

Thereupon Seeley retorted that he was quite willing to take his dismissal upon the spot, and the end of the matter was he carried his friend off in triumph, after having insulted everybody, and left the very worst possible impression behind him of the difference in fortune can make in the most well-disposed and commonplace of individuals.

Out in the open air Lorimer cooled down speedily, and began to feel giddy with the contemplation of his own position. Dick dragged him off to Pym's, stood him a champagne luncheon, and listened with boisterous satisfaction at the turn affairs had taken.

"Now, look here," said he, "I've got you out of that fusty old city, you'll have to go abroad with me, and we'll have a high old time."

"Indeed I shall not," retorted Lorimer, gloomily. "I'm going to see about finding a new berth this very afternoon."

But although Dick would allow no further reference to this matter during luncheon, Lorimer kept his word, took leave of his friend as soon as he could get set of on his quest.

When he got back to his lodging that evening, however, tired, unsuccessful and rather cross, he found Dick waiting comfortably in his easy-chair by the open window, with the sporting papers littering the carpet all around him.

"Hallo! You here!" was the host's somewhat surly greeting.

Dick woke with a start.

"Course I'm here. Never going to leave you till you've agreed to go off with me. Pity that little fool of a girl wouldn't join us. Flotsam, Jetsam, and Lorimer—we should have a rollicking time—good for her, good for you, good for me; good for us all round."

Lorimer said nothing. He sat on the edge of the writing-table by the window, and looked gloomily out at the green square, until the entrance of servant dragging Miss Bird's little trunk out of the next room and down the stairs, and, looking out, he saw Miss Bird herself in humble portter's barrow which was to take it away. Where to? Some wretched lodging, frowsier, shabbier, more cheerless than even Mrs. Perry's "four-pair back."

Lorimer drew his head in and stood up with a light in his eyes.

"Just one minute," said he, hoarsely, as he darted out of the room, and came up with Miss Bird, in her walking dress, before she reached the bottom flight.

He was pale, and very grave.

"One word," said he, in a hoarse whisper. The girl stopped. She was pale also, and her eyes showed that she had been crying. "You are going?" said he.

"Yes."

A pause. They heard the voices of the porter and the servant in the hall below. Lorimer looked steadily into her face.

"Is the night things over," said he, quickly, "since last night. And now I want you to accept Desborough's proposal. I want you to, I ask you. If you'll go, I'll go. Will you?"

The girl shuddered, stammered, drew a long breath, and burst into tears.

"Oh, yes, yes, yes," sobbed she, under her breath.

Lorimer, already half-alarmed by what he had done, took her hand and held it firmly in his. The thought of losing sight of her for ever had been too much for him; but even as he held the slender fingers in his own, warm clasp, vague feelings of wonder and consternation at the wild and strange step they were all taking together into the future possessed him and held him silent.

CHAPTER VI.

"Don't cry," whispered Lorimer, still holding Carrie's hand. "Run down and stop them; don't let them take your things away. Say you've changed your mind, that you're going to stay here a week longer. Run, run!"

Bewildered and trembling, Carrie obeyed him like a child. Drying her tears as she went, she flew down the stairs, while Lorimer turned slowly to meet Dick, who had just reached the top of the room, and was asking in surprise. "What's up?"

Lorimer pushed him back into the room and told him.

"I've persuaded Miss Bird to go away with us," said he.

"The devil you have! Bravo, Seeley! You've changed it remarkably fast, too! What on earth's the matter with you? You're as white as a sheet!"

Lorimer was hardly surprised to hear this, for he felt as if he had just sustained some tremendous shock.

"Look here," said he abruptly, laying down his hand on the shoulder of the younger man, and fixing his gaze with steady eyes, "you've got to be on your best behavior, you know, if you've got to—remember there's a responsibility upon you, and—"

"All right, old chap. And what about you?"

"I'm not likely to forget, since I've got the responsibility of both of you."

"H'm, that's cool. Do you think I can't manage my own affairs?"

"I think you'll have to go on better than you've begun, or you will precious soon have no affairs to manage, except in the bankruptcy court."

"What do you mean?"

"That champagne is a very good thing in its way, but it's a thing you can have too much of—"

"I don't think so."

"Well, you've got to make up your mind between unlimited champagne on the one hand, and—your new friend on the other. I'm not going with you, and going to let your sister go with you, unless you give me your word that you'll mend your ways. So choose."

As he said this, Lorimer towered over the younger man, and kept his eyes steadily on his face. His was as quiet as possible, his words were as short and as simple as he could find, but both tone and manner were so determined, so commanding, that Desborough felt that he had no escape. He must choose, and, moreover, when he had chosen, he must keep his bargain. He shuffled a little from one foot to the other, and then said, in a grumbling tone,—

"You're too hard upon a fellow. I should like to see you in the same position, and find out whether you'd be so precious stiff and remarkably self. If you won't let a fellow enjoy himself a little, what's the good of having come into the money? What's the good of—"

"Choose," repeated Lorimer, cutting him short.

Desborough looked up out of the corners of his eyes, winced, and wriggled impatiently.

"Oh, all right, then," muttered he. "Well, which way is it?"

"Oh, the way you and Mademoiselle and immaculate propriety, I suppose."

"Very well, then. You'll have to keep your word; if you don't it will be 'off,' and it will be the worse for you."

"Oh, I daresay. And am I too join a Sunday School and to sign the pledge?"

"You're not to do anything but what will help you to enjoy life thoroughly and sanely," said Lorimer, with a touch of affectionate earnestness in his voice and mind which brought the other to reason at once.

"You know as well as I do, Dick, that you're going the right way to run through health and happiness, and everything else in less than no time. I want to keep you in the way of enjoying your good luck all your life long, for you're a good-hearted chap, and I suppose you deserve it as much as most of us."

He laid his hand on the shoulder of the other, who, like the good-natured animal that he was, yielded at once to the influences of authority and affection, and made a dozen promises with fervour, which was at least convincing as to his good intentions.

A light footstep running up the stairs reminded them that a great deal remained to be settled as to that strange life together on which they and the friendless girl were to enter. The young men started a little, and listened and looked at each other. Lorimer softly closed the half-open door, and said,—

"We must have a talk together, all three of us. Now, where shall we go?"

"To Earl's Court," suggested Dick.

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my way in it all alone? I tell you it will be you, and not Mr. Desborough, who will look down upon me in the most humiliating way. Will you yourself advised me to do." There was something infinitely pathetic in her tone of agonized conviction, and Lorimer was ready with earnest words of protest, of consolation. But she would not let him speak.

"I don't care," she went on, with a sort of hard recklessness which repelled him as it had done before, even though he knew now that it was but a part of her defensive armor. "I don't care. If the alternative were anything but—but what it is, I had any friends to care, I wouldn't do it. As it is—well, I'll go through with it, come what may!"

Chilled as he was by her tone of hard and fierce defiance, Lorimer said slowly, "Nothing will come of it that will do you any harm, depend upon that. After all, why should it be impossible for us to be happy as brothers and sister? Aren't we all in the same boat, as Desborough says? And haven't you said yourself you liked us? And we've never done or said anything to offend you?"

Carrie only shook her head; the tears were so near that she did not trust herself to say much. And then, to the relief of both, Dick Desborough, came bounding noisily up the stairs, shouting and bawling to them that he had a four-wheeler waiting.

So they went downstairs, and got into the vehicle, and drove off in silence, which was broken by Dick, who cried boisterously,—

"Now we'll begin to know what life really is, all of us. I'm going to get five hundred to-morrow, to-day, with, and that's last us till we get well under way, at least."

(To be continued.)

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SHEEP IMPROVEMENT

Present Trend of Progress In Sheep Breeding

Fewer Breeds and Better Breeding — The Down Breeds Becoming More Popular —Relative Standing for Prolificacy.

(Contributed by Ontario Department of Agriculture, Toronto.)

The world ever clamors for something new. It matters not in what sphere our lot is cast, the call for the production of new materials is always upon us and the man who does not progress loses the race. Perhaps many people still believe that there is room for new breeds of live stock and that Canadian breeders and investigators should be bending every effort to produce them. Perhaps new breeds could be produced to meet certain special conditions better than they are now met but the writer believes that greater progress for the good of the live stock industry would surely follow a policy of fewer breeds with better breeding. For concentrated effort for uniformity in output, for competition in world markets, for most profit to the farmer and greatest satisfaction to the consumer we already have too many breeds in some classes of stock. True, there is room for all the breeds, but because we have widely separate and somewhat diversified conditions is no reason why those areas should be grazed over by, and be growing feed for, anything but the most suitable breeds from the viewpoint of both producer and market man. The day of keeping a breed because our "likes" so dictate should be gone forever, and the breed, whatever it is, should win its place only through its ability to produce, at a profit to the breeder, the highest grade product in demand by the consumer. In short, markets are exerting a greater influence than ever before in breeding work and there is no doubt that such influence must continue.

Fewer Breeds and Better Breeding.

Keeping this in mind the progress being made in animal breeding is not so much toward the production of more breeds but rather toward early maturity and improved type in the breeds already in existence. If we had fewer breeds we could make more rapid progress. Indications are that certain breeds must gain the ascendancy, and these will be those which are bred to supply what the consumers want and at the same time pay the feeder highest returns for his effort. New breeds may come, as did the Corriedale sheep in New Zealand, to fill a special want, but better individuals and stronger strains in the best breeds we have is the goal of the present day breeder in Canada. New Zealand wanted a sheep that flocked easily. They wanted a bigger sheep than the Merino with a better grade of wool than the Lincoln, so they made a dual-purpose breed by crossing Lincoln rams on Merino ewes and practicing careful selection. The production of Persian lamb in Canada is another case where certain methods are followed to produce a special article. The writer has heard that a certain well-writer has heard that a certain well-known professor in one of the leading United States Colleges is at present busy in the making of a tail-less breed of sheep to get around the trouble of docking; and by selection, it is said, progress is being made.

The Down Breeds Becoming More Popular.

So far as sheep are concerned breeding work is pretty largely confined to selection in our recognized breeds with the idea of meeting the market. Now, that market demands the finer and medium grades of wool and the eighty-four pound lamb, and it would appear that so far as markets for mutton sheep are concerned the Down breeds may get the inside track. Fifty-six per cent. of a lamb carcass is leg and back. Thirty-six per cent is fronts, and 7 per cent is flank. We are after the biggest possible percentage of leg and back, which sell for just twice as much per pound as front quarter and eight times as much as flank. Progress is only made by keeping weight and type in mind.

So far as fleece is concerned the finer the quality the better.

Experimental work in flushing ewes has proved very profitable in increasing prolificacy.

Relative Standing for Prolificacy.

From a study of 500 yearlings in each breed mentioned, the following conclusions are warranted:

1. The relative standing of the breeds of mutton sheep in Canada with regard to prolificacy is: Dorset Horn, 161.6%; Shropshire, 154%; Hampshire, 149%; Suffolk, 148.2%; Lincoln, 144.8%; Shropshire, 143.6%; Southdown, 142.2%; Cheviot, 139.8%; Cotswold, 138.0%; Romney Marsh, 113.9%.

2. The average increase for all breeds of mutton sheep in Canada is 144.6%.

3. The average increase for all long wool breeds of mutton sheep in Canada is 138.5%.

4. The average increase for all Medium Wool breeds of mutton sheep in Canada is 148%.—Wade Toole, O. A. College, Guelph, Ont.

Live Slowly, Says Oldest Englishman.

William Musfur, of Golant, Cornwall, Eng., who has reached the age of 106 is believed to be the oldest living Englishman.

The church bells were rung in honor of his birthday.

This grand old man of the soil has been associated with farming all his life. He has worked hard, and his own opinion agrees with the evidence of his healthy old age that "it hasn't hurt me."

"If you want to live to a good old age," he said when keeping his hundredth birthday, "you must not live too fast."

Cotton From Egypt Now.

Mr. F. Holroyd, president of the Federation of Master Cotton Spinners' Associations, points out that England, which bought 56 per cent. of its cotton from the United States in 1913, now buys only 65 per cent. these Egyptian cotton is going ahead by leaps and bounds, and is gaining the world's markets.

The boll weevil has been gradually destroying the U. S. cotton industry. Poison gases scattered by airplanes may be an eventful solution, some scientists claim.

Resignation.

Teacher: "What is resignation?"

Small Boy: "Resignation is when you want something you can't have, and then pretend you never wanted it."

LEGEND OF NORTHERN WOODS.

Legend of Flight Through Air by Lumbermen.

There is a rich field in French-Canadian folklore, as many readers know. Not long ago a quotation was made from the fantastic legends centering round the lumber woods giant, Paul Bunyan, whose exploits rival the yarns of the artistic coterie which flourished in Dublin during the past quarter of a century. Most of the elder artists are still living, and a young group is growing up to carry on the traditions of Yeats and Russell. The correspondent thinks that it is possible that the next few years may see a literary and artistic Renaissance in the Free State comparable with that which surprised Europe twenty-five years ago. Music, also, shows signs of revival. There was a time when Dublin claimed with pride to be one of the musical cities in Europe. Opera was nearly as popular on the Liffey as it was on the Iser or the Spree. In the years before the war music languished, but since then there has been a surprising stimulus to musical art throughout the country.

On the assumption that the Free State is destined to be an agricultural country, the correspondent asks whether one can expect the traditional gaiety and fun from a people which has already bound itself under the urgent leadership of Mr. Hogan, the able Minister of Agriculture, to the science of the soil. The present time, when the leaders of public thought have grave anxieties, including agricultural depression and the high cost of living, is unfavorable for judgment. But if the new Courts of Justice Bill becomes law Dublin is likely to suffer a grievous disaster. Its brilliant Irish Bar will be dissipated into a number of local Bars throughout the country, and the headquarters of Irish law in Dublin will become a mere shadow of its former self.

It is the threat of this loss of leadership, says the correspondent, which, perhaps more than anything else, lends a disquieting uncertainty to the speculation whether Dublin will become once more the brilliant city of the days of Swift and Grattan, or whether it will be merely the dull reflection of a nation's unromantic progress and bucolic ease.—Toronto Globe.

Fuzzy-Wuzzy.

Sons of Fuzzy-Wuzzy are vastly different men from what they were when Kinkaner was dishing his way to Khartum. Rudyard Kipling christened the King of Bomjoro "Fuzzy-Wuzzy" and described him as a poor benighted heathen, but a fine, fierce "fighting man." According to a fellow-worker of Cecil Rhodes in the development of Southern Central Africa, there has been a great change in recent times. In Khartum itself this fellow-worker of Mr. Rhodes has seen the descendants of "fuzzy-wuzzy" attending the Gordon College, proving themselves intelligent and industrious students. They are learning engineering, surveying, agriculture, cotton growing, and the blacksmith's art. They are, he believes, a race who will want to hold the Sudan independently of Egypt, and, perhaps, even of Britain.

Embraces Islam.

Sir A. Hamilton, of Selsey, Sussex, Eng., has embraced the faith of Islam. He made his formal profession of faith at the Woking Mosque in the presence of the Imam. Sir Charles Archibald Watkin Hamilton, who is forty-eight, holds two baronetcies, one dating from 1776 and the other from 1821. It is believed that about 500 English people have become Moslems. Among the most prominent are Lord Headley (who made a pilgrimage to Mecca last year); Lady Lovelyn Cobbold (daughter of the seventh Earl of Dunmore), Prof. N. Stephens, Capt. Tolson-Edwards (the first European to navigate the Yukon river); and Rev. H. H. Johnson.

Soldier Gets Peerage.

Brig.-Gen. Christopher Birdwood Thomson, who has just been created a baronet on the advice of Mr. Ramsay MacDonald, holds the portfolio of Secretary of State for Air in the Labor Ministry.

He has been an active part in Labor politics in Great Britain during the past few years, and in the last general election was an unsuccessful candidate in the St. Albans Division of Hertfordshire, where he was defeated by another military man, Lieut.-Col. F. E. Freemantle, Unionist.

Gen. Thomson did good service during the war, winning the badge of officer of the British Empire and the Distinguished Service Order.

Nature's Mating Time.

In moderate climates the month of February is recognized as the pairing time of birds, and as St. Valentine's Day falls on the 14th, it is probable that this may be one explanation of why the saint's day became associated with the pranks of Cupid. Several poets allude to St. Valentine in this connection. Thus Drayton, a contemporary of Shakespeare, sings:

Muse, bid the morn awake—
Sad winter now declines;
Each bird doth choose a mate,
This day's St. Valentine's.

A Peculiar Drink.

For forty years, a miner at Mansfield Woodhouse, Nottinghamshire, Eng., took regularly a mixture of tincture of opium and henbane. It was stated at an inquest on the man that he drank between two and three pints a week. The miner died from heart failure caused by chronic opium poisoning.

Future of Ireland

The Irish Free State has been in full constitutional existence for over fourteen months, and the Dublin correspondent of the London Times speculates whether the Irishman's brain, one one side poetical and emotional, on the other side cool and practical, will make of his emancipated country another Athens, or a rival Denmark, or a mixture of both.

Externally, Ireland south of the border shows little change since the British legions were recalled. What ever may be done in Dublin, the state of the cattle markets and the pressure of local rates, which have become a heavy burden, continue to be the farmer's chief concern. Socially Dublin has suffered a revolution, and the new society is definitely bourgeois. Throughout all the political hurly-burly in Ireland one "set" has remained unchanged, and forms a sort of link between Sinn Fein and Southern Unionism. This is the literary and artistic coterie which flourished in Dublin during the past quarter of a century. Most of the elder artists are still living, and a young group is growing up to carry on the traditions of Yeats and Russell. The correspondent thinks that it is possible that the next few years may see a literary and artistic Renaissance in the Free State comparable with that which surprised Europe twenty-five years ago. Music, also, shows signs of revival. There was a time when Dublin claimed with pride to be one of the musical cities in Europe. Opera was nearly as popular on the Liffey as it was on the Iser or the Spree. In the years before the war music languished, but since then there has been a surprising stimulus to musical art throughout the country.

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Soldier Gets Peerage.

Brig.-Gen. Christopher Birdwood Thomson, who has just been created a baronet on the advice of Mr. Ramsay MacDonald, holds the portfolio of Secretary of State for Air in the Labor Ministry.

He has been an active part in Labor politics in Great Britain during the past few years, and in the last general election was an unsuccessful candidate in the St. Albans Division of Hertfordshire, where he was defeated by another military man, Lieut.-Col. F. E. Freemantle, Unionist.

Gen. Thomson did good service during the war, winning the badge of officer of the British Empire and the Distinguished Service Order.

Nature's Mating Time.

In moderate climates the month of February is recognized as the pairing time of birds, and as St. Valentine's Day falls on the 14th, it is probable that this may be one explanation of why the saint's day became associated with the pranks of Cupid. Several poets allude to St. Valentine in this connection. Thus Drayton, a contemporary of Shakespeare, sings:

Muse, bid the morn awake—
Sad winter now declines;
Each bird doth choose a mate,
This day's St. Valentine's.

A Peculiar Drink.

For forty years, a miner at Mansfield Woodhouse, Nottinghamshire, Eng., took regularly a mixture of tincture of opium and henbane. It was stated at an inquest on the man that he drank between two and three pints a week. The miner died from heart failure caused by chronic opium poisoning.

MRS. MISENER'S ACHES AND PAINS

Vanished After Using Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound

"Branchton, Ont.—"When I wrote to you for help my action was mostly prompted by curiosity, wondered if it, too, would benefit by your medicine. It was the most profitable letter I ever have written, for I honestly assure you, for over a month its results I am relieved of most of my sufferings. I have taken six boxes of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound Tablets and a bottle of Lydia E. Pinkham's Blood Medicine, and I can honestly say I have never been so well before. I had suffered from pains and other troubles since I was fifteen years old, and during the 'Great War' period I worked on munitions for two years, and, in addition, many lifting jobs were called for, I strained myself, causing pelvic inflammation from which I have suffered untold agony, and I often had to go to bed. I have also had neuralgia for several years without getting permanent relief, when I started to take your medicines."—Mrs. GOLDWIN MISENER, Branchton, Ont.

Write to the Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co., Cobourg, Ontario, for a free copy of "Lydia E. Pinkham's Private Text-Book upon "Ailments of Women." C

NAMESAKE OF FAMOUS POTTER.

Wedgwood Has Been Soldier as Well as Politician.

One member of the British Labor cabinet who is well known on this side of the water is Col. the Hon. Josiah Wedgwood, D.S.O., the new Chancellor of the Duchy of Lancaster, who is the great-great-grandson of Josiah Wedgwood, founder of the famous pottery, and a nephew of the celebrated naturalist, author of "The Descent of Man," and originator of the theory that man's early ancestor was a monkey. Col. Wedgwood has been a guest of honor at the Canadian Club in Toronto, where he delighted his hearers.

His war record is an enviable one. Between 1914 and 1916 he served at Antwerp, France, in the Dardenelles and in Egypt and Mesopotamia. He was wounded, was awarded the D.S.O., and twice was mentioned in despatches. In July, 1916, he was appointed to the Mesopotamian Commission, which under the chairmanship of Lord George Hamilton, investigated the Mesopotamia campaign.

In 1917 he was gazetted Assistant Director of French Warfare, and in 1918 he was sent on a mission to Siberia with the temporary rank of colonel. In 1921 he was made vice-chairman of the Liberal party. He is an author, having published a monograph on the history of Staffordshire from 1285 to 1918, a volume on "Indo-British Commonwealth," several pamphlets on the "Condition of the people out this year," and "Wedgwood Memorial Staffordshire Pottery and its History," a work valuable to students of pottery. It is a work of which he is fully entitled to be the author, as a descendant of his own first-rate information on the subject, but also on account of the tremendous influence which the work of his ancestor Josiah had had on the development of the art and the industry of pottery.

In 1759, Josiah, after serving his apprenticeship and working for several years branched out for himself and leased the Ivy House Pottery in Burslem from relatives, but like a prudent man he confined his make only such pottery as was being made at that period by his fellow manufacturers. The days of Wedgwood's fame as the foremost European country to re-create the classic in relief, Wedgwood is said to have been the first to carry on the original potter the world has ever seen and to have exerted an influence upon the future of pottery unequalled by any other man.

Josiah Wedgwood, the founder, died rich and famous in 1795, and his descendants, including the new British Labor minister, carry on the business to this day at Etruria in Staffordshire. Some years ago they established at their works a well-equipped museum, some of the early examples being considered almost priceless.

Steam Locomotive Without Fire.

Using a mass of hot water for the storage of steam in the form of heat is the basis of a steam accumulator which is being employed in a variety of ways. A more recently this principle has been successfully applied by the Baldwin Locomotive Works to a number of locomotives in order to meet certain operating conditions where smoke or gases are objectionable and electrification is unwarranted, these locomotives having a boiler reservoir filled to about two-thirds full of water. The water is then heated from a stationary boiler to a pressure equivalent to 20 pounds per square inch. A reducing valve delivers steam to the cylinders at approximately 50 pounds pressure. As the steam is drawn off the heat stored in the water causes further evaporation and in part replenishes the steam supply. The charge of water held will usually last from three to four hours, when it is again necessary to recharge the reservoir from the stationary plant. The locomotive, it is stated, then would suffer unduly from heat losses, but it is, of course, a simple matter to give the reservoir the necessary insulation.—Scientific American.

RAISE MILLION DOLLARS

TO MARK HUNDREDTH ANNIVERSARY OF ORANGE ORDER.

Loyal Orange Association to Celebrate Centenary by Raising This Large Sum of Money — Order Wants to Help Young Protestant Immigrants to Come to Canada.

To mark the hundredth anniversary of the founding of the order in Canada, the Loyal Orange Association of British America is to raise a centennial fund of one million dollars, says the Toronto Telegram. This is to constitute an endowment fund, the income only from which is to be used to carry on the work of the association. The method and purpose of the plan was explained in detail by M.W. Bro. Hon. J. W. Edwards, M.D., Deputy Grand Master of the Grand Lodge of British America, to a meeting of Cameron L.O.L. 613, in Victoria Hall, Toronto.

"The Orange Association has made its mark on the pages of Canadian history," said Dr. Edwards, "and without due regard for the achievements of the past, I do not think the Order has ever undertaken any project of quite the same magnitude as the raising of this million dollar centennial fund, nor will anything enhance the prestige of the Order as much as the successful raising of this money."

Dr. Edwards explained that the income only from the money would be used to extend the work of the Orange Order. He instanced several cases where the funds of the Grand Lodge of British America had been used effectively in the past. Two years ago a campaign was run in opposition to the claims of Archbishop McNeil and Bishop Fallon, who were making specific demands for further special privileges for the Separate schools in Ontario, and the outlay on that work was $10,000. He also recalled that a few years ago the Association spent $16,000 in carrying the Trembisky marriage case to the Judicial Committee of the Privy Council, and the victory won at that time was sufficient justification for the expenditure. Much money had also been spent on charitable work, as instanced in the collection of nearly half a million dollars for the Loyal True Blue Orphanage at Richmond Hill, which was doing and would continue to do a very important work in providing a proper home for Protestant orphan children.

It was no idle statement, continued Dr. Edwards, to point out that there was a very real danger in Canada at the present time to British connection. He was in Quebec recently and learned of an arrangement between the Quebec Legislature and the Roman Catholic Hierarchy to settle 15,000 Greek Catholic aliens along the line of the transcontinental Railway in that province, as the French Catholics had settled along that railway in Ontario. It was intended to bring 5,000 of these people out this year.

In the same way Hon. Manning Doherty had brought out the Hebridean, who were all Roman Catholics. There was a Roman Catholic immigration organization in Quebec that employed several priests in its work, who were paid out of funds voted by the Government of Canada, and recently an offer had been made by an organization in New York to send to Canada 500 families from Northern Ireland, and a guarantee would be supplied with sufficient money to keep them going until they were self-sustaining.

Canada should set her face against immigrants from continental Europe with the possible exception of the Scandinavians. He told of an experience last year when the Grand Lodge of Ontario East brought out forty Scottish lads and placed them on farms ready in advance. Every one of those lads knew where he was going before he left Scotland, and every one had made good. The result was that last year the lodge received applications from over 200 farmers for boys from the same locality where the forty had been placed.

He believed in directed immigration, and not have people come over here who would flock to the centres of population and enter into competition with those already looking for employment. The Orange Association, through its primary lodges, all over the country, was prepared to take care of Protestant immigrants seeking a home in Canada. The farmer to-day was making such money to enable him to pay a married man a proper wage to maintain his family, and consequently the lad was not going into competition. The British Government stated that there were over 250,000 Old Country lads waiting to come to the Dominions, and if these could come under the direction of a well-planned immigration policy conducted by the Orange Association, the members of whose lodges would see to it that they were properly treated. There must be a place for the immigrant to go before he sets out from the Old Country.

It was to create such an organization as this and for other purposes just as obvious and as beneficial to Canada that the endowment fund was required. He hoped that there would be the spectacle of such Protestant communities as the Eastern Townships of Quebec being lost to Protestantism, and Provincial and Provincial Governments also would take more cognizance of the influence and importance of the Orange Association, and he did not doubt that within five years there would be a demand in Alberta and Saskatchewan for national schools like they have in Manitoba.

A Lengthy Speech.

Judge—Have you anything further to say?

Prisoner—I should like to ask that the time occupied by the counsel's speech for the defence be deducted from my term of imprisonment.

Low Mortality Among Children.

Medical Science marches as never before. The Scottish Board of Health reports startlingly low mortality among children under five. In sixteen large towns the rate for 1923 is under 8 per thousand compared with 11.4 for 1913. The Glasgow rate fell from 120 to 88 in one year. The Edinburgh rate fell from 91 to 53. While for all Scotland infant mortality for the first time is below 90. Scotland's general death rate is under 13 per thousand despite unemployment, bad trade and the absence of real summer weather.

Here and There

A party of 50 Australian boys will be the guests of the Exhibition at Toronto from August 30th to September 3rd. They are public school boys from all parts of Australia and their visit to Toronto will be made on their way home from the British Empire Exhibition.

British Columbia is now the third manufacturing province of Canada, with 2,873 manufacturing establishments, over 41,000 employees, invested capital amounting to nearly $225,000,000 and a value of products of approximately $250,000,000, according to Government statistics.

New Brunswick in 1923 produced more coal than at any other time in her history. The output for the year exceeded that of 1922 by more than 12,000 tons and amounted to 251,091 long tons. It is estimated that this industry creates a value of over $1,100,000 annually, most of which goes out in supplies and wages for the benefit of the province.

What will probably be the last big round-up of horses in the West will take place shortly in the range country of Alberta and Saskatchewan, for the purpose of clearing the range of stray horses. The horses will be gathered in one central corral, where owners may claim their animals. It is anticipated that about 10,000 animals will be secured. The Department of Agriculture is supervising the arrangements.

Unstinted praise from prominent citizens and the press of Alberta is given the Canadian Pacific Railway in connection with the Company's recently announced branch line construction program, affecting the southern portion of the province. C. R. Mitchell, member of the Provincial Legislature for Bow Valley, describes the announcement as the most important made in many years.

"Perhaps the most noteworthy fact we discovered was the vastly improved psychology of the people of the west to the C.P.R. which existed a year ago," commented E. W. Beatty, President of the Canadian Pacific Railway, on his return from a recent inspection of the Company's property. "They are full of hope and confidence and realize, as the east should realize, the tremendous benefit to the whole of Canada of a second competitive large harvest."

The number of big industrial undertakings projected for immediate construction on the coast of British Columbia provides a striking indication of how that province is going ahead. A $40,000,000 logging railway up the Sheshalls River Valley, a $1,000,000 mill plant at Chemainus, a $200,000 amusement centre at Victoria and a $250,000 sawmill at Port Coquitlam, with about $10,000,000 in power plants in the Seave Lake District are some of the more important and a host of smaller projects are also under way.

Practically all Canada's production of Newsprint for export in March was absorbed by the United States. Of March shipments amounting to 127,583 tons valued at $9,710,000 the United States received 126,848 tons, valued at $9,617,823. The only other Canadian exports of newsprint of importance were 600 tons to South Africa and 1,087 tons to New Zealand. It is expected that April shipments will show an even greater proportion of consignments to the United States.

The concentration camp for emigrants to Canada which the Salvation Army maintained by the Canadian Pacific Railway and other steamship companies, is located at Southampton, England. It has an average daily attendance of 600 and, on some days, the number is about 1,000. Comfortable quarters and meals at moderate cost are provided and the business of the camp are the special dining-room for Jewish passengers, the private shower baths, with hot and cold water, the rooms supplied and the individual rooms which are also available.

UNFROCKED CLERGYMAN.

Has Large Following In Religious Revival In Brazil.

For some time past rumors have reached us concerning the surprising doings of a religious revivalist in the secular life of a town in Brazil. Details have lately come to light in a recent book on his travels in South America by a British student of international economics.

Ten years ago a Jesuit priest, Cicero Romano Bastosa, was expelled from the order and his ecclesiastic authority on account of anti-religious teachings.

Some years later he appeared on the scene in the north of Southern Brazil, proclaiming that he was sent by Christ to announce the coming of the Kingdom of Heaven on earth. Many people soon flocked to this unfrocked priest to hear his doctrine and he came to be regarded as a supernatural being. Finally he was elected as mayor of the town in which his followers were being in the majority, important decisions in all matters concerning the community were left to him. He soon executed the rights of a ruler, never however, for his own ends, but solely for the good of the community.

Crowds of men and women from all the neighboring districts go daily to consult him on religious, as well as on worldly matters. His word is regarded as a gospel and it is not exaggeration to say that his decisions carry greater weight than the orders and decrees of the Brazil Government. He practices also as a doctor, and people have more faith in his advice than in the prescriptions of other doctors.

In the space of a few years the ex-priest has caused the little town to prosper in an extraordinary way. He has had a railway built making it accessible to trade and transport. Although he has never boasted of supernatural qualities, the people attribute these and other unaccommunicated minister is honored as a prophet.

DAVY & ALLISON

Plumbing, Furnace Work, Tinsmiths.

Hardware, Paints and Oils. Stoves, and Furnaces.

DAVY & ALLISON,

Next to Caton's.

GIVE US A TRY ! !

We Sell For Less

2 lbs. California Midget Raisins	20c.
3 lbs. Cooking Figs	20c.
3 lbs. Rice for	20c.
6 bars Olive Toilet Soap	25c.
4 bars White Naptha Soap	25c.
2 lbs. Prunes for	20c.
1 lb. Black Tea for	50c.
1 lb. Green Tea for	50c.
1 lb. Fannings for	30c.
Black Pepper, 1 lb	25c.

Try our Monarch Brand Coffee, fresh ground with every order, 1 lb. 50c.
Shortening, per lb. 16c.

DENISON BROS.,

North Centre St., Napanee.

FRED S. SCOTT

BARBER and TOBACCONIST

John St.

(One door south of Express Office.)

Everything clean and sanitary.

Satisfaction guaranteed.

We carry a full line of pipes, cigarettes and tobacco. Our prices are right

Bring your films to us. 25 years experience at developing and printing. Enlargements made on short notice. Mail orders will receive prompt attention.

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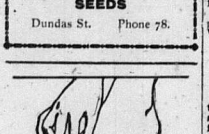

CORNS end the pain quickly, *safely*

In one minute you can end the pain of corns with Dr. Scholl's Zino-pads. They end the misery of corns by eliminating the cause, *friction-pressure.* No danger of infection from cutting or corrosive acids.

Zino-pads are *thin;* antiseptic, waterproof. They protect while they heal. Sizes for corns, callouses and bunions. Call today and get a box of this *new,* magic corn treatment.

Dr Scholl's Zino-pads

Put one on—the pain is gone!

We also carry a complete line of Dr. Scholl's Foot Comfort Appliances and Remedies

The Haines Shoe Houses

Daily's Good Tea is dependable—When you buy a pound you know with certainty that you will serve a tea rich in flavor and of the proper strength, one that will make the members of your family or your guests exclaim, "What a splendid cup of tea." This famous brand for sale at WALLACE'S DRUG STORE.

Screen doors and windows at DAVY & ALLISON'S.

Rockwood Bowlers will visit Napanee on Wednesday for afternoon and evening games.

The Supreme Court autumn sittings will be held in Napanee on Nov. 18th, before Mr. Justice Riddell. Jury and non-jury.

L. O. L. No. 2076 will attend Divine service at St. Mary Magdalene's church on Sunday evening, July 6th. All sister lodges cordially invited.

Napanee Bowlers met defeat at the hands of the Deseronto Bowlers at Deseronto greens on Thursday evening. Deseronto won by eleven shots.

See the National Range Cooking Demonstration at Vine's Electric Shop, Market Square, June 30th to July 5th, to which the public is cordially invited to attend.

Thirteen mills will be the Hastings County tax rate for the present year. Last year the rate was fifteen mills, the drop in the rate being very gratifying to the county council. It was made possible by cuts in road grants.

Cut down your sugar and egg bills by using Du-Ke in preparing your desserts. Saves time and labor. Only requires the addition of water or milk. Three flavors, Lemon, Chocolate and Maple Cream. For sale by all grocers.

Sheriff Vandervoort has bought the house on John street from R. Knight, and is having it wired and decorated ready for occupation the latter part of July. Clarence Minnoret has the contract for decorating and Percy Vine has charge of the wiring.

Mr. Jack Kinkley is prepared to undertake any house painting jobs which may be offered. Mr. Kinkley has had six years experience as a painter and customers can rely upon receiving first-class work. Leave word at Mills' butcher shop or Davy & Allison's.

30-a-p

Fred Jeffries, Yarker, working with a section gang on the C.P.R. at Newburgh, early Wednesday morning was struck by lightning. He had an iron bar in his hand, one end being under the rail. The lightning struck the rail some distance from him, running along the rail and the iron bar, throwing him about 15 feet. Though badly shaken he is now able to talk and move his arm.

At H. W. KELLY'S grocery you can get: Pure lard 17c. per lb.; shortening 17c. per lb.; pure cocoa, 10c. a lb.; good sized Oranges 25c. per doz.; Lemons 20c. doz.; 2 lbs. Seedless Raisins 25c.; 2 lbs. Prunes 25c.; 2 lbs. Apricots 35c.; 3 Corn Flakes 25c. For good, pure Coffee, try 1 lb. It will convince you. We grind while you wait.

CAMPBELL HOUSE CORNER.

Ottawa, June 16—The Dominion Government intends to float a loan of three hundred million dollars, Hon. James Robb, acting Minister of Finance, will shortly bring down legislation to give the necessary authority. Proceeds of the loan will be devoted entirely to refunding a five-year victory loan for $107,955,000, issued in 1919, which falls due on November 1, and the proceeds of the new loan will take care of this and other maturing obligations.

Fishing from coast to coast in Canada features the June issue of Rod and Gun in Canada, as among the score of interesting articles and stories there is included the great fishing experiences of H. M. Burwell in British Columbia, a story of fishing in The Margaree river, Nova Scotia, by N. M. Browne, an article on the sea trout, by Bonnycastle Dale, and as a special feature an unusually authoritative article on inland game fish, by Dr. Percy V. S. Pulling of the University of New Brunswick. R. P. Lincoln in his popular fishing department has a good account of the Whitefish, while in addition to these features, "Club Days in the Service" by Martin Hunter and a gripping story of pioneer days in the Hudson's Bay Company. Guns and Ammunition contains four articles by well known shooters, while the other departments and stories are brimful of interest for the sportsman.

ROD AND GUN IN CANADA is published by W. J. Taylor, Ltd., Woodstock, Ont.

Husbands Visit Wifes Secretly.

Husband's clandestine visits to their own homes at night and their secretive departure before daybreak in the morning resulted in enquiries being instituted by the Nottingham Poor Law Guardians. An unusually large number of women and children had become chargeable to the Poor Law, and it was because of this that the guardians took special steps to find the husbands. It was discovered that many of the wives were acting in collusion with their husbands, the men, owing to trade depression in the town, had obtained jobs elsewhere. They visited their homes for the week-end, entering the houses after dark on Saturday and leaving before daylight on Monday. In some cases, the "fugitives" were found sharing the provisions provided by the guardians for the "deserted" wives and families.

Cork Production.

The tree from which cork is obtained is only fit to be barked when about twenty-six years old, and this can be done successively every eight years, the quality improving with the increasing age of the tree.

PERSONALS

(All our readers are cordially invited to hand in, or send in, any news they may have for this column).

Mrs. W. K. Pruyn is visiting friends in Toronto.

Miss Mae Stacey is visiting friends in Toronto.

Mrs. Corkill is visiting her mother at Harriston.

Mrs. Percy Vrooman is visiting her parents at Dunkon.

Miss Annie McCallum is visiting friends in Cleveland, Ohio.

Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Shorey left on Monday to spend the summer with friends at Deloraine, Man.

Mr. and Mrs. Fleck, Vancouver, B.C., are guests of Mr. and Mrs. Crossley.

Mr. and Mrs. Harry Finkle, Providence, R.I., spent the week with his mother, Mrs. Martha Finkle.

Miss Helen Herrington, Toronto, is spending the holidays with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. W. S. Herrington.

Mr. and Mrs. G. A. Fraser, Austin, Wash., are spending the summer with her sister, Mrs. W. F. Gerow.

Mrs. Paul, Dauphin, Man., is visiting her mother, Mrs. T. B. Lund, Hamburgh road.

Mr. George Robinson has returned from a two months trip to England.

Mr. Isaac Sproule, Brampton, is renewing acquaintances in Napanee.

Miss Ina Loyst, South Fredericksburgh, is a recent graduate from the Hamilton hospital.

Miss Emma Urquhart, of Martintown, spent last week-end with Miss Hazel VanAlstyne.

Mr. and Mrs. Delbert Snider, Winnipeg, Man., were calling on friends in Napanee on Wednesday and Thursday.

Dr. Keith and Mrs. McLaughlin and Mr. and Mrs. Leon Spencer are spending a month at Sans Souci Camp.

Mrs. Merle Sills and Mrs. J. Lucas, of Moscow, returned on Saturday from attending the burial of Dr. D. F. Lucas, Brooklyn, N.Y.

J. Carroll Anderson, B.A., son of Rev. T. H. P. Anderson, Selby was among the first year Osgoode successful students.

Mr. and Mrs. E. A. Maybee and Mr. and Mrs. Bliss Snellgrove, of Smithfield, were recent visitors with Rev. and Mrs. T. H. P. Anderson, Selby.

Mrs. Collins, Picton, was the guest of Mr. R. J. Dickinson a couple of days this week.

Mr. and Mrs. Irwin W. Miller, Sillsville, are spending the summer at Buffalo, N.Y.

Mrs. Anderson, Melrose is the guest of her sister, Mrs. W. H. Dunbar.

Miss Madeline Stevens is attending the Anglican Summer School at Ottawa this week as a delegate from St. Mary Magdalene's Sunday School.

Miss Evelyn Frisken is home from Normal School, Toronto, for the holidays.

Mrs. John Frisken left on Sunday to spend the summer with relatives in Western Canada.

Mr. and Mrs. Harry Miller, Osbawa, are visiting their parents, Mr. and Mrs. Jos. Hicks and Mr. and Mrs. W. R. Miller.

Among the out-of-town people attending the funeral of the late Mary E. Walsh were Mrs. John Downey, Belleville; Mrs. Loughlin and Mr. George Daly, Kingston; Mrs. Dolan and Mr. Tony Dolan and Mr. Charles Bawden, Belleville; Mr. Fahey and Miss Fahey, Marysville.

BIRTHS

Gordon—At Napanee, on Saturday, June 21st, 1924, to Mr. and Mrs. Blake Gordon, a son.

MARRIAGES

Davis—Burleigh—At Trinity Parsonage, on Monday, June 23rd, 1924, by Rev. W. R. Fanton, Gordon Herbert Davis, to Francis May Burleigh, both of Tremton.

Edgar—Asselstine—At the Parsonage, Selby, on Wednesday, June 18th, 1924, by Rev. T. H. P. Anderson, Helena B. Asselstine to Chas. S. Edgar.

Manion—Scott—At St. Patrick's Church, on Tuesday, June 24th, 1924, by Father O'Connor, John J. Manion, to Marion Scott, both of Napanee.

DEATHS

Hoselton—At Bath, on Monday, June 23rd, 1924, G. W. Hoselton, aged 70 years.

Peterson—At Napanee, on Wednesday, June 11th, 1924, Fred Peterson, aged 57 years, 9 months, 11 days.

Walsh—At Napanee, on Friday, June 20th 1924, Mary E. Walsh, aged 70 years, 3 months.

Watts—At the home of his daughter, Mrs. J. C. Ettinger, 437 King Street, Kingston, on June 21st, 1924, George Watts, aged 82 years, formerly of Odessa.

GET IT AT WALLACE'S

Simplicity, Sincerity and Solidity

are the three characteristics of a granite memorial like this shown in the illustration. Simplicity of nature, sincerity of convictions, solidity of principles and character. Although such a monument may seem crude and unfinished, it is really a touching tribute of esteem.

We make and erect all kinds, Plain or elaborate, at the lowest possible cost.

WM. M. HOWITT,

DUNDAS STREET. NAPANEE, ONT.

JIM GETS A RAISE

"My husband is so good to his employees."

"Is he?"

"Yes. He came home last night all tired out, poor fellow, and I heard him murmur in his sleep, 'Jim, I'll raise you ten.' And business is so dull, too."

The Napanee and Lennox and Addington Old Boys' Reunion will be held in connection with the Napanee Fair during the week of Sept. 8th, 1924.

Robinson's June Rose Sale

Starts Thursday Morning, June 26

And continues through Saturday, July 5th

Nine "Wonder Days" for Shopping

Our "June Rose Sale" has been especially planned to commemorate the start of this business back in 1887, thirty-seven years ago. In harmony with the spirit of the times, and in order to give our hundreds of customers the best possible values, we have decided to do away with all frills that are generally associated with store anniversaries.

"Greatest Values" will be the keynote of this stupendous selling event. "Great" because prices will be forced down to the last notch.

"Greater" because reduced prices will be obtained on merchandise that has been manufactured to a high standard of perfection, and backed by a Robinson guarantee of genuine satisfaction.

"Greatest" because our stocks cover the largest share of your personal, family and house requirements.

5000 people already know of this sale. We urgently urge you to do your choosing early when assortments will be at their best.

Space permits us to publish but a few of our Anniversary Specials.

MEN'S STANDARD SUITS OF TWEED AND WORSTED

At $28.37 Suits worth $35.00 regular.
At $24.37 Suits worth $30.00 regular.
At $20.37 Suits worth $27.50 regular.
At $20.00 Suits worth $25.00 regular.
At $18.37 Suits worth $22.50 regular.
At $15.00 Suits worth $20.00 regular.
See them, we feel sure they will appeal to you.

37th

MEN'S GREY SERGE SUITS

IN STANDARD MODELS

A pure wool imported suiting, two shades of grey, light and medium; coats are single breasted and have three buttons; trousers are of medium cut and have five good strong pockets. Loops for belts. May be had with cuff, or plain, as desired.

At $29.37 we are selling Grey Suits that are worth up to $35.00.

At $24.37 we are selling Grey Suits that are worth up to $30.00.

37th

MEN'S FURNISHINGS

OUR SURPLUS STOCK OF MEN'S FINE SHIRTS IS REDUCED AS FOLLOWS: Regular $1.50 Shirts, for $1.15; regular $2.00 Shirts, for $1.45; regular $2.50 Shirts, for $1.95; Men's Extra Fine Shirts, $3.45 and over, on sale $1.00 off regular. MEN'S WORK SHIRTS, $1.00 lines for 79c. each, and $1.50 lines for $1.10.

MEN'S BALBRIGGAN COMBINATION UNDERWEAR, long sleeves and ankle length, short sleeves and ankle length, short sleeves and knee length—all Oxford quality—Regular $1.75 values for $1.35 per suit.

MEN'S AND BOYS' FINE STRAW HATS, 20 per cent. off.

BOYS' WASH SUITS to be sold at 20 per cent. off.

TEN EXCLUSIVE DRESS COATS ON SALE $37.00 EACH

Were regular $45.00, $47.50, $51.00, $55.00, $57.50 and $60.00 values..

This value offers you the "cream" of the best coats made in Canada this season. They are all in straight line effects. Several have draped fronts. All are completely lined with best quality crepes and satin in blending shades.

Obtainable in shades of Grey, Sand, Mole, Navy, Black.

Materials used are Tricotine, Poiret, Scotch Tweed, Checked Teddy Bear.

Sizes 16, 18, 20, 38, 40, 42.

No two alike. This is one of the vest values obtainable in our "June Rose Sale."

37th

EIGHTEEN EXCEPTIONALLY FINE WOMEN'S AND MISSES' SPRING AND SUMMER SUITS ON SALE $37.00 EACH

At this extremely low price you get the best we could have manufactured. They are featured in Misses' box and Women's tailored styles. No two are exactly alike.

Only the best grade Tricotines and Poiret Twills have been used. The linings also are the best known in the trade. Come in Navy, Sand, Black colors.

Sizes 16, 18, 20, 38, 42, 43, 44, 45.

Were regular $42.50, $45.00, $47.50, $57.00 and $59.50 values.

37th

GIRLS' FANCY SPRING COATS REDUCED 25 PER CENT.

Sizes from 2 to 12 years. Regular prices from $4.75 to $17.50

Reefers and novelty styles share honors in this sale group. Coats are made in Polos, Velours, Duvetyns, Cheviots and Tweeds.

Obtainable in shades of Navy, Sand, Oatmeal and Heather. Many coats are lined throughout.

Values Extraordinary Procurable In our

STAPLE DEPARTMENT

BEST CANADIAN STANDARD INDIGO BLUE and fast Analine Black Shirting, in plain black and stripe designs. Values up to 45c. per yd. On sale at..... 37c. per yd.

BEST CANADIAN AND IMPORTED fast color Dress Ginghams, Chambrys and Zephyrs, all 32 inches wide. Reg. values up to 50c. per yard. Sale price 37c. per yd.

LINGERIE CREPES in plain and bird patterns, in a splendid assortment of good shades, regular 45c values. June Rose Sale Price..37c. per yd.

SIDEBOARD SCARFS in white and natural colors, sizes 18x45, and 18x54, regular values up to 60c. Sale Price..... 37c. each

37th

"June Rose Sale" Values From our

NOTION COUNTER

GAUNTLET SILK GLOVES. Sale Price..... $1.50 pair
These come in colors of Navy, Grey, Brown, Sand, with contrasting points. Regular $2.00 and $2.25 values.

FINE SWISS EMBROIDERY, half price. For this sale we are offering our regular 40c. per yd. Swiss Embroidery for..... 20c. per yd.

CUMFY CUT RIBBED LISLE VESTS, finished with beading and tape. Regular 50c. lines. Sale Price ..... 35c. each

37th

PURE WOOL CREPE, $1.95 for $1.37 per yard. Splendid weight, 38 inches wide. Colors, Fawn, Beige, Brown, New Blue, Whirlpool.

54 INCH DRESS FLANNEL, $1.37 per yd. Pure Wool Dress Flannel, in 10 different colorings.

PLAIN RATINE, regular 75c. for 50c. yd. All colors included. A practical material for steady wear. 12 colorings to choose from.

NORMANDY VOILE—the beaded style—4 yds. for $3.37. Rich, neat designs in light and dark colorings, Navy, Brown, Saxe, Black with white, 38 inches wide.

37th

TRIMMED MILLINERY AT HALF PRICE. In this group you will find a smart assemblage of exclusive Hats. They represent the unsold numbers of our regular season through stock. To effect a speedy clearance we offer this unusual discount. Buy and save here.

WOMEN'S SEPARATE SKIRTS ..... Reduced 25 per cent. Regular and O. S. sizes. Choose your requirements from this exceptionally fine assortment which features a unique variety of novelty wool plaid and striped materials, as well as a complete range of plain serges in navy and black. Our skirts are made for us by the best makers, and are thoroughly guaranteed. Fashion favors Sport Skirts. This is your golden opportunity.

37th

SUMMER DRESSES—YOUR PICK OF OUR ENTIRE EXCLUSIVE STOCKS LESS 10 PER CENT. FROM REGULAR PRICES

This offers you a tempting array of imported French as well as the best domestic styles. Dresses suitable for every occasion.

37th

TUXEDO AND CARDIGAN WOOL SWEATERS ON SALE $3.95 EACH

Regular $4.25 to $7.50 values. With sweaters firmly entrenched with fashion, no well dressed women should miss this noteworthy value. The Cardigans come in sleeve and sleeveless styles, and in every shade possible to mention. Get two or three at this price.

Important Sale Items from Our

GIFT DEPARTMENT

Choose Here and Save Money Note these Timely Items.

ROYAL ARLINGTON DINNER SETTS

97 pieces, blue and gold decorations. This is an exceedingly rich and dignified pattern. Regular price $37.50. Sale Price $32.50 per sett.

JOHNSON'S CLOVER LEAF DINNERWARE

Less 20 per cent. for this sale. Broken setts with practically every piece in stock. Replace your broken dishes at a bargain.

52 PAIRS OF SUGAR AND CREAMS

Cut Glass. Sale Price..95c. pair
Your choice of two styles and ten lovely cuttings. Regular $1.50 values. Sale price..... 95c. pair

Wilton Rugs, No. 1 Quality, Reduced

This quality has a Dominion wide reputation for durability. They are made in Canada from imported best quality Australian yarns. These sale rugs are all in latest designs. Reductions are as follows:

4 ft. 6 in. x 7 ft. 6in., reg. $30.00, sale price $24.00.
6 ft. 9 in. x 9 ft., reg. $53.50, sale price $43.00.
6 ft. 9 in. x 10 ft. 6 in., reg. $63.00, sale price $50.50.
9 ft. x 9 ft., reg. $72.00, sale price $57.75.

Brussels Rugs on Sale.

4 ft. 6 in. x 7 ft. 6 in., reg. $13.75, sale price $11.00.
6 ft. 9 in. x 9 ft., reg. $25.00, sale price $20.50.
6 ft. 9 in. x 10 ft. 6 in., reg. $33.75, sale price $27.00.
9 ft. x 9 ft., reg. $40.00, sale price $32.00.

Axminster Rugs Marked Down

These come in deep, thick pile qualities. They are made from fine imported wool. The patterns are copies of higher priced rugs.

4 ft. 6 in. x 7 ft. 6 in., reg. $19.25, sale price $16.00.
6 ft. 9 in. x 9 ft., reg. $34.50, sale price $27.75.
6 ft. 9 in. x 10 ft. 6 in., reg. $40.50, sale price $36.50.
9 ft. x 9 ft., reg. $46.25, sale price $37.50.

Quality, Service, Value.

THE ROBINSON CO. LIMITED

We close at 10 p.m. Saturdays. Other days at 5.30 p.m.